Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 55. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. WHOLE NUMBER 2811.

NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 20, 1858. VOL. 2, NO. 3.

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞ Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞ Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN,

June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG.

WM. P. SCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care *in the Counties of Bdford and Fulton.*

Bedford, Nov. 1. 1847.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞ Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞ Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

LAW NOTICE.

W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:

WILL practice regularly in the Courts of Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washington Hotel.

Nov. 23, 1855.

W. J. BAER. G. W. BENFORD. B. F. MEYERS.

BAER, BENFORD & MEYERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

WILL punctually attend to all business entrusted to their care. ☞ Mr. Baer will be in regular attendance at Court. Office on Juliana street, same as formerly occupied by Wm. M. Hall, Esq. [jan '58.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully preprred to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

WM. FOSTER,

WITH

BALDWIN, LINDERMAN & CO.

Importers and Dealers in Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Combs, Brushes, Fancy Goods, Looking Glasses, &c. No 84 North Third St., Philadelphia. All orders solicited and promptly attended to. Sept. 5, 1856-

THE MENGEL HOUSE.

Valentine Steckman, Proprietor.

☞ Boarders taken by the day, week, month or year, on moderate terms.

May 9, 1856.

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

CUMBERLAND MD.,

ADJOINING THE DEPOT,

JOHN C. RIFFLE, PROPRIETOR.

☞ Coaches from Bedford, Greensburg and Washington, stop at this House. Persons going to Cumberland will find advantages, by stopping at the "American House," over that of any other in the place. (may 14, '58-1y.)

D. K. WUNDERLICH. B. F. NEAD

Wunderlich & Nead,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

North Second Street, opposite the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Depot,

CHAMBERSBURG.

☞ They are at all times prepared to carry all kinds of Produce to, and Merchandise, &c., from Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the shortest notice.

, They will also purchase Flour, Grain, &c., at market price.

COAL, LUMBER, SALT, FISH, GUANO, and PLASTER on hand and for sale low.

June 10, 1853.

PURE CASTOR OIL,

at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

[july 30, '58.]

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING BY MEYERS & BENFORD,

At the following terms, to wit:

$1.50 per annum, cash, in advance.
$2.00 " " if paid within the year.
$2.50 " " if not paid within the year.

☞ No subscription taken for less than six months.

☞ No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers. It has been decided by the United States Courts, that the stoppage of a newspaper without the payment of arrearages, is *prima facie* evidence of fraud and is a criminal offence.

☞ The courts have decided that persons are accountable for the subscription price of newspapers, if they take them from the post office, whether they subscribe for them, or not.

POETRY.

THE DOG-DAYS.

BY JOHN G. SAXE.

"*Hot!—hot!—all piping hot!*"—CITY CRIES.

Heaven help us all in these terrific days!
The burning sun upon the earth is pelting
With his directest, fiercest, hottest rays,
And everything is melting!

Fat men, infatuated, fan the stagnant air,
In rash essay to cool their inward glowing,
While with each stroke, in dolorous despair,
They feel the fever growing!

The lean and lathy find a fate as hard,
For, all a—dry, they burn like any tinder
Beneath the solar blaze, till withered, charred
And crisped away to cinder!

Even stoics now are in the melting mood,
And vestal cheeks are most unseemly florid;
The very zone that girths the frigid prude,
Is now intensly torrid!

The dogs lie lolling in the deepest shade;
The pigs are all a-wallow in the gutters,
And not a household creature—cat or maid,
But querulously mutters!

"'Tis dreadful, dreadful hot!" exclaims each one
Unto his sweating, sweltering, roasting neighbor
Then mops his brow, and sighs, as he had done
A quite Herculean labor!

The friends who pass each other in the town,
Say no good morrows when they come together,
But only mutter, with a dismal frown,
"What horrid, horrid weather!"

While prudent mortals curb with strictest care
All vagrant curs, it seems the queerest puzzle
The dog star rages, rapid, through the air,
Without the slightest muzzle!

But Jove is wise and equal in his sway,
However it seems to clash with human reason,
His fiery dogs will soon have had their day,
And men shall have a season!

Miscellaneous.

[From the Leavenworth "Moccasin Herald."]

BOBTAIL'S GREAT PRIZE STORY!

THE DOOMED MONARCH, OR THE FIEND CODFISH!

BY K. K. BOBTAIL.

CHAPTER I.

It was night, nowhere, and nowhere was as dark as a bottle of ink in a barrel of pitch at the bottom of a well, and forty four thousand times darker than the concentrated darkness of forty thousand midnights, when upon a throne of petrified turtle soup, stood the mighty Gengulphus, monarch of the Fe Fo Fi Fum Islands, eating a slice of buttered beeswax, occasionally wetting his lips by drinking fluidical wrought iron sheet anchors fluke foremost.

Around him stood eighty two thousand nine hundred and eighty seven and a half Courtiers!!!

'Bring forth the whangdoodle and place it on the hewgag!' exclaimed he in a terrific voice, at the same time cutting off a courtier's head with the sharp edge of an illuminated cotton bale.

CHAPTER II.

The whangdoodle was placed upon the hewgag—but before we go further, let us take a glance at the political state of America at the date our story opens. We were involved in a war with Mexico, and Gen. Scott was carrying our victorious flag through the halls of the Monte-locsers. Gen. Washington, commanding the home army, had formed a Junction with Christopher Columbus at Nauvoo and defeated the combined forces of England, France, and Hindoostan in a sanguinary retreat on Bungtown heights. John C. Fremont, President of the United States, had appointed James Buchanan Governor of Cape Cod; and Napoleon Bonaparte, as Mayor of Bunker Hill, assisted by Lieutenant General Barney O'Twigger, of Ireland, was preparing for a descent upon the tories at Cerro Gordo whilst Dr. Jayne, U. S. Surgeon, was constructing a strong fort at Cairo armed with a chain pump and one hundred bottles o this Carminative Balsam.

Under these tremendous circumstances no wonder the men and women of the 19th century were highly intellectual, and generally speaking, born when they were young.

Turn we again to our story.

CHAPTER III.

The whangdoodle was placed upon the hewgag. Dismay and terror sat upon the countenances of the nobility. Lord De Monzo involuntarily clutched Prince Blowhushy's coat tail, and the Countess of Fizfum disappeared hysterically within her hoops, whilst bold Count de Scratch, hitherto the bravest of the brave, threw himself at the foot of the throne and elevated one leg as a signal of distress. But the mighty Gengulphus was unmoved. Drawing a golden wire safety fuse from his bosom, he was in the act of attaching one end of it to the whangdoodle when—Oh! Horror of horrors!! He beheld in one corner of the room his beloved Selleh locked in the arms of Fee ti le Swash Bosky, Envoy Extraordinary from the Isle of Wight!!!

CHAPTER IV.

To say that Gengulphus was angry would be but an indifferent statement of the truth. He was in rage. He couldn't contain himself, and consequently boiled over in torrents that formed puddles of wrath at his feet. He foamed, raved, ripped and tore—stamped, rolled, kicked and roared. At last, seizing a battering ram by the horns, he made a furious push at the guilty pair.

CHAPTER V.

"Die!" shrieked Gengulphus, as he twirled the fearful instrument above their heads—but alas! in its swift descent it came in contact with Baron de Boosey's pipe, and, glancing at right angles, clove asunder the massive door leading to the Royal Menagerie! Brimstone and torpedoes! thundered Gengulphus—but he was too late. Ere he could again raise the huge weapon, a fierce demoniacal howl ran through the rooms, and the next moment an infuriated grizzly Codfish ran madly forth from the demolished door and buried its deadly fangs in the seat of Gengulphus' inexpressibles! He uttered a sharp cry of pain—made one desperate effort to shake off the monster—and then fell to the floor, as dead as a June bug in January.

CAAPTER VI.

But little more remains to be told. Selleh soon after the death of Gengulphus stabbed herself with a bed wrench, and her paramour, Fee ti le Swash Bosky, becoming stricken with remorse, buried himself in a pot of porter—heels up. The countess of Fitz Fum eloped with an Egyptian mummy, in a good state of preservation, and the count de Scratch, having lost the whole of his fortune in playing 'Simon says wig wag' with Lord de Monzo, he was forced to emigrate West, where he enlisted as orderly sergeant to a lime kiln, and was shortly afterwards killed by the accidental bursting of a cabbage head.

THE JUDICIAL CANDIDATES.

Some months since the Democratic party of Pennsylvania nominated Hon. William A Porter as its candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth. Within the past week the Mulatto Convention placed before the people the Hon. John M. Read for the same position. The Straight out Americans have yet made no nomination, though a large number of the members of that party are strongly in favor of Judge Allison's nomination for this high and honorable judicial station.

Judge Porter is the Democratic candidate, nominated as such by a Convention composed of the most attached, experienced and trusty members of the party. He thus received party endorsement with reference to his standing as a Democrat, which endorsement is based upon the well known fact that Judge Porter has ever been a consistent, staunch and unwavering party man, wedded to its principles from honest conviction, and upholding and sustaining those principles on all occasions. In addition to this William A. Porter has legal learning and abilities of a very high order; he possesses stern independence, and most patient and untiring industry, while his standing and influence among the legal profession show his integrity and uprightness of purpose to be beyond cavil or question. Since he has been upon the Supreme Bench by virtue of an appointment from Governor Packer, Judge Porter has sustained himself with entire satisfaction to the Bar, and added to to his already high character in all sections of the State. The same cool, calm, steady course which marks Judge Porter's course in private life and in the field of State and National politics, he carried with him into the judicial position which he now holds, and that constitutes the strongest point in his judicial character.—He is not led astray by passion, or blinded by prejudice. He is not enamored with one opinion or fancy to-day, and divorced from it to-morrow. In politics his opinions are the result of of investigation. They are not lightly taken up—nor discarded from caprice, nor given up at the promptings of ambition, or but the keen spur of disappointed hopes or expectations.—He is the strong man standing upon a rock, not the child blowing bubbles in the air. In fact, a fair review of the political course of William A. Porter will show that he possesses all those elements of study, reflection and steadfastness o principles which are absolutely essential in making up the character of a man who is fit to occupy a place upon the Supreme Bench of this or any other State. He has been constant and unwavering in his political course, he will be firm, honest and consistent upon the Bench.

But what has been the political history of Hon. John M. Read, the nominee of the Mulatto Convention for the same high and important position? Mr. Read is unquestionably a gentleman of fine talents, high character, and long experience at the Bar. But his political history is the reverse of that which marks a man of mind, of solid, safe judgment. He is weak, vacillating and uncertain. His opinions are formed from one-sided views of all questions, and changed almost as soon as formed. He has been consistent in nothing save his inconsistencies. Once a Federalist, he left that party and joined the Democrats, with whom he acted long enough to receive many marks of their regard many *substantial* tokens of their power and influence. But, on the appearance of the Wilmot Proviso, Mr. Read followed that will-o'-the-wisp into the camp of the enemy, and became at once the bitter antagonist of the very principles which but a few months previous he had maintained were necessary to uphold the Union, and secure to the several States all those rights which are guaranteed to them by the Constitution. Since that time each turn of the political wheel has changed the political position of John M. Read, until at last he appears as the nominee of a Convention composed of the debris of all political parties, and bound together by hatree of the Democratic party, and eager longing for the spoils of public office. In these several changes, Mr. Read has not gone astray from want of intelligence. The rock on which he split was on uncertain judgment, irresoluteness of purpose, and an over estimate of the rewards which should have been bestowed upon his personal services in the party. He was for change, for the new, the novel, the untried, and hence the eagerness with which he embraced the newest political opinion, and the readiness with which the change was made when the gloss was worn off the old love, or some later project had caught his fancy, and tickled his ambition.

We have sketched the political characters of John M. Read, and William A. Porter, in order to serve as a mirror, in which the public can trace their fitness or unfitness for a judicial position. If a man be unsteady and uncertain on one great subject, he is so on all. If, on the contrary, every action of a man's life shows that he is moving and acting in obedience to certain well digested and fully understood principles: if in judgment he be cool, calm and careful, in action steady, prompt and resolute, the public may rely upon it that such a man will fill with entire satisfaction the duties devolving upon any public station, be they ever so delicate, responsible or exacting. Will the public test John M. Read and Wiliam A. Porter by this standard, and vote accordingly?—*Pennsylvanian.*

ETHAN SPIKE'S EXPERIENCE AS A JUROR.

Ethan Spike, of Hornby, Maine, thus narrates, in a letter to a Portland paper how his services wee refused on a jury, after being summoned on a murder trial, just because he was 'in favor of hanging a nigger anyhow,' and his 'sacred person' was afterwards 'snaked out' by two constables.

'Did you ever git drawed on a jury? I was drawn out of a box last fall and sworn to support the constitootion according to the statoot. Beyond a general idea that jewrymen was bound to go for the country, right or wrong, which country they is, I knowed jist nothing of the supernoomry dewties pertaining to such funkshonaris.

'Wal—fust thing I knowed I was summoned to Portland to try a Jarmon and a nigger for murdering Mr. Albon Cooper, on the high sea. I never could see why the tarm 'high sea' was used in such a case. I spose it means floodtide, and I know that pork killed one time of the tide haint the same as when killed at another time of the tide is—likewise beans pulled on a full moon don't bile so well as when the moon is gibberish, (he means gibbous;) but if a feller mortal critter is slewed, it don't stand to reason that it makes any difference whether he was slewed at high water or low. Its murder any way. Them's my idees of the law on that pint.

'Wal, I felt rather proud that my fust sarvice to my country as juryman was one of life and death; and when I thought of them cussed pirates, I felt as though ef I had my way I'd hang every Jarmin and nigger that I could get hold on. In this here patriotic and Christian frame I went to the court house. I found a small chance of brother jewrymen thar, and pretty soon the clark began to question fust one and then another, till at last they kim to me.

'Mr. Spike,' said the clerk, 'have you any conshienshous scruples agin hanging,' said he.

'Wal,' said I, 'that depends on surcumstances. Ef it war the fust person singular, agreein to nomitive me, mascular gender, compery-tive moof—that war to be hung—I hev. But ef it war ye, you or them, future tense, and indycative mood, not a darn scruple,' said I.

'Hev you formed any opinion for or agin the prisoner,' said he.

'Not particular agin the Jarmin,' said I, 'but I hate niggers as a general principle—and shall go for hanging this ere old white-wooled cuss, whether he killed Mr. Cooper or not,' says I.

'Do you know the nature of an oath?' the clark eyed me.

'I orter,' says I, 'for I've used enough of 'em. I began to swear when I was only about—

'That'll do,' said the clark. 'You kin go home,' says he, 'you won't be wanted in this ere case,' says the clark, says he.

'What,' says I, 'ain't I to try this nigger at all.'

'No,' says the clark.

'But I am a jewryman,' says I, 'an you can't hang the nigger unless I've sot on him,' says I.

'Pass on,' says the clark, speaking very cross.

'But,' says I, 'you mister, you don't mean as you say; I am a regular jewryman, you know. Drawed out of the box by the select men,' says I. 'I've ollers had a hankerin to hang a nigger, and now, when a merciful dispensashon seems to have provided one for me, you say I shan't sit on him? Are this our free institootions?—Is this the nineteenth sentry? And this our boasted'—here somebody hollered, 'silence in the Court.'

'The Court be d—' I didn't finish this remark, for a couple of Constables had holt of me, and in the twinklin of a bed post I was hustled down stairs into the street.

Now, Mr. Editor, let me ask what are we comin to, when jewrymen—legal, lawful jewrymen can be tossed about in this way? Talk about Kansers, Mormons, Spiritualism, Free Love and Panics—whar ar they in comparison? Here's a great principle upsot! As an indervidooal perhaps I'm of no great account—taint for me to say, but when as an enlightened jewryman I was tuck and carried down stairs by perfane hands, just for assertin my right to sit on a nigger—wy it seems to me the pillows of society were shook; that in my sacred person the whole State itself was, figgeratively speakin, kicked down stairs! If thars law in the land, I'll have this case brought up under a writ of hebeas Corpus or ixsy Dicksit.

A SPREAD EAGLE TOAST.

At Prentiss Centre, Mo., on the 5th, the following was the second regular sentiment:

OUR NATION—Begotten amidst the storms of the sixteenth century, its infantile movements were dim and indistinctly seen on board the May Flower; on the rock of Plymouth, at Jamestown, on the plains of Monongahela, and on the heights of Abraham; the 'capricious squalls' of its infancy were heard in the tea-party of Boston, Faneuil Hall, on the plains of Concord, Lexington and Bunker Hill—in his boyhood he ran barefooted and bareheaded over the fields of Saratoga, Trenton, Princeton, Monmouth and Yorktown, whipping his mother and turning her out of doors; in his youth he strode over the prairies of the boundless West, and called them his own, paid tribute to the despots of Barbary in powder and ball, spit in his father's face from behind cotton bales at New Orleans, whipped the mistress of the ocean, revelled in the halls of Montezuma, straddled the Rocky Mountains and with one foot upon the golden sand and the other upon codfish and lumber, defied the world: in his manhood, clothed in purple and fine linen, he rides over a continent in cushioned cars, rides over the ocean in palace steamers, sends his thoughts on wings of lightning to the world around, thunders at the doors of the Celestial Empire and at the portals of distant Japan, slaps his poor old decrepit father in the face, and tells him to be careful how he pecks into any of his pickaroons, and threatens to make a sheep pasture of all the lands that join him. What he Will do in old age, God only knows. May he live ten thousand years, 'and his shadow never be less.

AN AMUSING ANECDOTE.—Daniel Webster had an anecdote of old Father Searl, the minister of his boyhood, which is to good to be lost. It was customary then to wear buckskin breeches in cool weather. One Sunday morning in the autumn, Father Searl brought his down from the garret; but the wasps had taken possession during the summer, and were having a nice time of it in them. By dint of an effort he got out the intruders and dressed for meeting.—But while reading the Scriptures to the congregation, he felt a dagger from one of the enraged small-waisted fellows, and jumped around the pulpit, slapping his thighs. But the more he slapped and danced the more they stung.—The people thought him crazy, and were in commotion as to what to do; but he explained the matter by saying: "*Brethren don't be alarmed; the word of the Lord is in my mouth, but the Devil is in my breeches!* Webster always told it with great glee to the ministers.

AN old lady possessing a fine fortune, and noted for her penchant for the use of figurative expressions, one day assembled her grandchildren when the following conversation took place:

"My children," said the old lady, "I am the root and ye are the branches."

"Grandma," said one?"

"What, my child?"

"I was thinking how much better the branches would flourish, if the root was under the ground.

DREAM OF A QUAKER LADY.—There is a beautiful story told of a pious quaker lady, who was addicted to smoking tobacco. She had indulged herself in this habit until it had increased so upon her, that she not only smoked her pipe a large portion of the day but frequently sat up in bed for this purpose during the night. After one of these nocturnal entertainments, she fell asleep, and dreamed that she died and approached heaven. Meeting an angel, she asked him if her name was written in the book of life. He disappeared; but replied on returning, that he could not find it. "Oh," said she 'do look again; it must be there." He disappeared again, but returned with a sorrowful face, saying it was not there! "Oh," said she in agony, "it must be there! I have an assurance that it is there! Do look once more!" The angel was moved to tears by her entreaties, and again left to renew his search. After a long absence he came back, his face radiant with joy, and exclaimed, "we have found it! but it was clouded with tobacco smoke, that we could hardly see it." The good woman upon waking, immediately threw away her pipe, and never indulged in smoking again.

GOOD ANECDOTE.—Some few days ago I strolled into a counting-room of a friend. He being absent, I commenced a chat with his clerk, when a good looking "cullered pusson" entered, doffed his castor and said:

'Mas' Bob, can you len' me a quarter till this afternoon, and I will pay you sartin?"

Mas' Bob applied his dexter to his vest pocket, but it made 'no sign.' I turned.

'Well, Buck, you look tolerably honest, but, I don't know you, if you will give me security, I'll lend you the quarter.' His eyes brightened as he asked—

'Yes,' replied Bob.

I forked over. Some time afterwards, wen ding the same way, as I was about to enter the office, the identical Buck stood before me.

'Buck, where's my quarter? You didn,t pay as you promised.'

'No, sah, I gift you s'curity.'

Well, but I want you to pay me—I lent you the quarter.

'Dats true, sah, but it am the custom down here to 'zaust de s'curity fust.

I left.

ANECDOTE OF SHELLY.—An old shop keeper, a grocer, living near the poet's residence, remembered him and "hoped his children did not take after him, for he was a very bad man; "but on being interrogated as to the poet's bad actions, he explained that Shelley had not been guilty of any bad actions that he knew of—on the contrary, he was uncommonly good to the poor—but then he did not believe in the devil!" The grocer's wife also bore testimony to Shelley's want of orthodoxy in this respect. The poet had christened his boat the Vaga, and she related with much apparent satisfaction, how a wag had on one occasion added the letters "bond" to the name painted on the stern, remarking—"Mr. Shelley was not offended; he only laughed; for you see he did not believe in the devil, and so he thought there could be nothing wrong."—*Life of Shelley.*

A POLITE BOY.—The other day we were riding in a crowded car. At one end of the station an old gentlemen entered and was looking around him for a seat when a lad ten or twelve years of age rose up and said, "Take my seat sir." The offer was accepted, and the infirm old man sat down. "Why did you give me your seat? he inquired of the boy, "Because you are old, sir, and I am a boy," was the quick reply. The passengers were very much pleased and gratified. For my part, I wanted to seize hold of the little fellow and press him to my bosom. It was a respect for age, which is always praiseworthy.

☞ An old lady residing not far from Exeter was perhaps one of the most brilliant examples of conjugal tenderness that the last century produced. Her husband had been long dying, and at length, on the clergyman of the parish making one of his daily visits, he found him dead. The disconsolate widow, in giving him an account of her spouse's last moments, told him her "poor dear man kept groaning and groaning, but he could not die; at last," said she, "I recollected I had got a piece of new tape in the drawer, so I took some of that and tied it as tight as I could around his neck, and then I stopped his nose with my thumb and finger, and, poor dear! he went off like a lamb!"

NON-PAYING subscribers are thus talked to by a Southern editor:

"Wagons cannot run without wheels, boats without steam, bull frogs jump without legs, or newspapers be carried on everlastingly without money, no more than a dog can wag his tail when he ain't got none.—Our subscribers are all good, but what good does a man's goodness do when it don't do any good. We have no doubt every one thinks that all have paid except him, and as we are a clever fellow and his is a little matter, it will make no difference.

A lady, the other day, asked a young gentleman.:

"Sir, is your wife as pretty as you are?"

Not caring to be complimented at the expense of his wife, he, by way of gentle reproof, blushingly replied—

"I cannot say about that, Miss, but she has pretty manners!"

The lady quietly vamosed—no further interrogatories propounded.

"Miss JULIA, allow me to close the blind; the heat of the sun must be oppressive."

"You are very kind, sir, but I would rather have a little *son* than no *heir* at all.

"Jim did you ever double the Cape of Good Hope?" "I expect I have." "When?" Last night, when I put my arm around the cape that belonged to the dress of a young lady, that I have good hopes of making Mrs. Dusenbury."

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, August 20, 1858.

B. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT:
WILLIAM A. PORTER,
Of Philadelphia.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:
WESTLEY FROST,
Of Fayette County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

COMMISSIONER:
JACOB BECKLEY,
Of St. Clair tp.

CORONER:
CAPT. JOHN LONG,
Of Liberty tp.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
JOHN AMOS,
Of Bedford tp.

AUDITOR:
JAMES C. DEVORE,
Of Londonderry tp.

☞"Centre" Evan. Luth. Church, six miles North of Schellsburg, will be dedicated to the service of the Triune God, on Sabbath, the 29th Aug., inst.

Conference will meet at said Church on Thursday, previous. J. A. KUNKLEMAN,
Aug. 20, 1858. Pastor.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.

A mass meeting of the Democrats of Bedford county, will be held at the Court House, in Bedford, on Monday evening of Court Week, August 30th. Let all who desire to hear the issues at present before the people, fully and fairly discussed, turn out to this meeting.—HON. WILSON REILLY and other able speakers are expected to be present.

By order of the Democratic Co. Com.
JACOB REED, Chairman.

☞The Democratic County Committee appointed by the late Convention, is requested to meet at the Court House, in Bedford, on Monday, the 30th day of August, at 1 O'clock, P. M. A full attendance is desired, as business of importance will be laid before the Committee.
JACOB REED, Chairman.

"HARD TIMES" AND THE TARIFF.

The mongrel opponents of the Democratic party are in an ugly dilemma, just now. They are very anxious to make the Tariff their principal hobby during the approaching campaign, but are a little afraid to do so on account of their infidelity to the tariff men, when they had the sway in Congress in 1857. They are desirous of laying the "hard times" which we have recently had, to the charge of a low tariff and yet they are fearful if they do it, the Democrats will retort upon them that it was by their own act that the low tariff of which they would complain, was established. Their recent support of MR. WILMOT, who according to the Whig presses in 1846, was the only "free trade tory in all Pennsylvania," also looms up in evidence against their pretensions to high-tarifl-ism, and their nomination for Supreme Judge, of JOHN M. READ, who signed a letter congratulating MR. DALLAS on his giving his casting vote in favor of the reduction of the tariff of 1842, is a further barrier to their progress on the hobby-horse of "Protection." With all these overwhelming facts arrayed against them, they dare not openly advocate their high tariff doctrines, and therefore, in order to avoid exposure by the Democratic press, they secretly send out their minions to talk "tariff" to the laboring classes and covertly distribute documents filled with falsehoods concerning the principles and aims of the Democratic party.—In this manner they seek to escape from the dilemma in which their inconsistent and vacillating policy has placed them. They clandestinely charge that Democratic measures have been the cause of the prostration of money matters, and when asked what measures, they look shyly about them and whisper, *"the reduction of the tariff!"* They dare scarcely speak it above their breath, for fear that some intelligent Democrat might overhear and expose the insidious falsehood.

But, was the reduction of the Tariff the cause of the late distress in monetary affairs? Had it any thing whatever to do with it? We say emphatically, no! It was the rotten and corrupt system of banking, sustained and perpetuated by opposition legislation, connected with an ungovernable *penchant* for speculation on the part of our people, that lay at the bottom of the panic which last Fall shook the world of business to its centre. Do we not all know that there was no intimation of the storm until the Banks began to break? Do we not all remember that there was not a cloud in the financial sky, until the Ohio Trust Company went by the board and the exhalations of its rottenness darkened the hitherto unclouded horizon? Ay, there was not a whimper about "hard times," until the Banks and their kindred corporations shut their doors in the faces of their creditors. All was prosperity until the pet institutions of Know Nothing and Abolition Legislatures, began to explode, and then dismay and despair reigned alone where erstwhile manufactures, trade, and all the arts of industry flourished and prospered.

And what had the Tariff to do with all this? Simply nothing at all. But, for the sake of argument, suppose it had; suppose that the reduction of the tariff by Congress in the winter of 1857, did affect our pecuniary affairs; is, therefore, the Democratic party to be held responsible for the influence supposed to have been exerted upon our financial matters by that reduction? Not by any means. The duties which were reduced were those imposed by the Democratic Tariff of 1846. The Congress which made the reduction was the same by which the Black Republican, BANKS, was elected Speaker, and which was composed of a majority of Opposition members, whilst the bill to lower the duties was introduced by LEWIS D. CAMPBELL, a leading Black Republican, from Ohio. In fact, as every body knows, who is acquainted with the history of this reduction of the tariff, it was a Black Republican measure and was lobbied through Congress by Black Republican wire-pullers and corruption agents. Therefore, if the Black Republican argument that a low tariff has been the sole cause of the "hard times," holds good, that party must be held responsible, by virtue of their own declaration, for all the distress and calamity that have resulted from the late financial disaster.

A BOLD CANARD.

Bowman, in his letter in the last *Gazette*, deprecates the starting of a "Young Men's Christian Association" in Bedford, and intimates that it will do no good. Every body knows that these Associations have done immense good all over the country. *Locofocoism, as a party is opposed to every thing that will advance the cause of Christianity and truth. Christians, see this doctrine in the last "Gazette."—Bedford Abolition Organ.*

We quote the above choice specimen of Abolition lying, to show to what miserable trickery the opponents of the Democratic party must resort, in order to keep up the prejudice so long entertained by the mass of their party, against the Democracy. It is entirely unnecessary to say any thing in refutation of the silly falsehood, as it is too base a counterfeit not to be detected, even by an inexperienced eye: for every body knows that many of the most active and zealous Christians every where, including the very men who are striving to give vitality to the "Young Men's Christian Association," in Bedford, are Democrats. But, inasmuch as this unwarranted and uncalled for attack has been made upon our party, we deem it our duty to hurl the charge in the teeth of those who make it, at the same time calling upon all honest men to witness the shame and disgrace of the demagogues who do not blush to publish their own infamy, in thus writing and circulating an article which they knew to be a slanderous falsehood from beginning to end.

WHICH IS THE ANTI-CHRISTIAN PARTY?

The Abolition organ charges the Democratic party with opposition to Christianity, but fails to adduce any proof of its allegation. We are more liberal. We only charge the Abolitionists with fostering infidel associations in their ranks and this we are prepared to prove. For instance, at the Convention of Radical Reformers, an Abolition society, lately held in the Abolition State of Vermont, the following blasphemous and anti-Christian resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That Slavery is a wrong which no power in the Universe can make right: therefore any law, constitution, court or government, any church, priesthood, creed or Bible, any Christ or any God, that by silence or otherwise, authorizes man to enslave man, merits the scorn and contempt of mankind.

Resolved, That nothing is true or right, and nothing is false or wrong, because it is sanctioned or condemned by the Bible; therefore the Bible is powerless to prove any doctrine to be true, or any practice to be right, and it should never be quoted for that purpose.

How pious these Abolitionists are, to be sure! "Nothing is true, or right, and nothing is false, or wrong, because it is sanctioned or condemned by the Bible!" Would it not be well for men belonging to an organization whose members, in their public Conventions, adopt such infamous doctrine as this, first to pull the beam out of their own party's eye, before they attempt to extract the mote from that of their brother?

ABOLITION "ROORBACKS."

The Abolitionists are becoming desperate and are attempting to palm off all kinds of falsehoods upon the public. We understand that they are busy in trying to make working-men believe that they will starve if the Democrats are successful at the coming election. Democrats, beware of these bold falsifiers! Follow them and nail their base coin to the counter! Working-men, remember that it was the breaking of the Banks, last Fall, which threw you out of employment and the Opposition to the Democracy have always been notorious for their reckless legislation in favor of banking institutions.

MORE DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES!

The elections in Kentucky, Arkansas and North Carolina, have all resulted in glorious triumphs for the Democracy. The Democratic majority in Kentucky will be from 10,000 to 12,000! Mr. Buchanan had about 6,500. In Arkansas the Opposition seem to have almost entirely abandoned their organization. North Carolina also gives a large majority for the Democrats. Where is Anti-Lecomptonism?

DEPARTURE OF THE PRESIDENT.

On Friday morning last, the President and party consisting of Sir W. G. Ouseley, lady and daughter, Miss Lane, Miss Bright and Robert M. Magraw, Esq., left Bedford Springs for Washington City. They were escorted by Messrs. Daugherty, Major Watson, Spang and Meyers, of Bedford, Col. O. C. Hartley, of Texas, and Mr. Cowan of Pittsburg. The trip was a very pleasant one and the whole party seemed to enjoy it. The President took his departure, greatly pleased with his visit and in the enjoyment of excellent health. May he live often to return to our midst.

HENRY S. MAGRAW, ESQ., STATE TREASURER.—Our able and efficient State Treasurer, Mr. Magraw, with his family, has been staying at the Springs for several weeks past. In the opinion of many, Bedford Springs would not be Bedford Springs without "Harry Magraw."

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH SUCCESSFUL!

The Queen of England's Message received!!

PRESIDENT BUCHANAN'S REPLY!!!

The great work of laying the Submarine Telegraph cable, between Europe and America, which has attracted so large a share of the public attention, for some time past, has at last been successfully accomplished. The Queen's message to the President of the United States, which was the first to pass over the line, has been received at Washington and the President's reply has also been transmitted. The following is the

QUEEN'S DESPATCH.

"To the Honorable, the President of the U. S.—The Queen desires to congratulate the President upon the successful completion of that great international work in which she has taken the deepest interest. Her Majesty is convinced that the President will join with her in fervently hoping that the Electric Cable which now connects Great Britain with the United States, will prove an additional link between the nations whose friendship is founded upon their common interest and reciprocal esteem. The Queen has much pleasure in thus communicating with the President and renewing to him her wishes for the prosperity of the United States. VICTORIA."

THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

"The President cordially reciprocates the congratulation of Her Majesty, the Queen, on the success of the great international enterprise accomplished by the science, skill and indomitable energy of the two countries. It is a triumph more glorious, because more useful, than was ever won by conqueror on the field of battle. May the Atlantic Telegraph Company, under the blessing of heaven, prove to be a bond of perpetual peace and friendship between the kindred nations and an instrument destined by Divine Providence to diffuse religion, civilization, liberty and law throughout the world. In this view will not all the nations of Christendom spontaneously unite in the declaration that it shall be forever neutral, and that its communications shall be held sacred in the places of their destination in the midst of hostilities.

JAMES BUCHANAN."

HON. WM. A PORTER.—This gentleman, the distinguished candidate of the Democracy of Pennsylvania, for the office of Supreme Judge, is at present sojourning at the Bedford Springs. His quiet, unassuming manners, dignified bearing and pleasing address win him hosts of friends wherever he goes. Judge Porter will probably remain here till Saturday next.

The Opposition Candidate for Supreme Judge.

John M. Read, the Opposition candidate for Supreme Judge, is now sixty-five years of age, and consequently, if elected, will be eighty years old when the term expires. Some thirty or forty years ago, he was sent to the Legislature by the old Federal party from Philadelphia. He was a warm admirer of John C. Calhoun and his free trade doctrines, and acted with the Democratic party for a few years, until the tariff question was settled under Mr. Polk's Administration, which Mr. Read defended.—He was appointed Attorney General by Gov. Shunk, but resigned in a few weeks to avoid removal for improper political conduct.

After that period he warmed up in politics, joined with the Abolitionists, and declared hostility to everything Democratic. The city delegates were instructed against him. He is proud, dignified and overbearing in his manners—unapproachable by the commonality of men. Those who know him best have the least regard for him. These are his antecedents. To defeat him with Judge Porter will be an easy and pleasant task for the Democracy.—*Pittsburg Post.*

Old Berks Sound to the Core.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Democracy of glorious "Old Berks" in their County meeting on the 3d ult:

1. *Resolved*, That the Democrats of Berks county have unabated and undiminished confidence in James Buchanan. A statesman of enlarged experience—a patriot of unsullied purity—the exponent of true Democracy, we will yield him in future as in the past, cordial, active and efficient support.

2. *Resolved*, That every measure of his administration has been based on sound constitutional and Democratic principles. In Utah suppressing rebellion and treason—upon the ocean vindicating the integrity and glory of our flag—protecting our weaker neighbors from the attacks of seditious malcontents from within our borders—and lastly, but chiefly, the settlement of the Kansas question upon the just principles of popular sovereignty, a subject, however, to the constitution and laws. These are acts which add true glory and renown to us as a nation, and endear the administration of James Buchanan to every law-loving, law-abiding and patriotic citizen.

3. *Resolved*, That in his cabinet, the President of the United States has the advice and counsel of true statesmen, devoted to the best interests of the several departments committed to their charge, and that, as Pennsylvania Democrats, we point with pride to Jeremiah S. Black, the Attorney-General, as one in all respects the equal of the great lawyers who have been his predecessors.

5. *Resolved*, That the thanks of the Democracy are due to those Democrats in the last session of Congress who grappled with and settled the Kansas question under the just terms and conditions of the English bill, which should be received and acquiesced in by every true Democrat as a final settlement of the slavery question in the Halls of Congress and elsewhere.

The remaining resolutions endorse Glancy Jones, Gov. Packer and his Cabinet, the Democratic State ticket, and a revenue tariff.

WHO OWNS CHICAGO?—An intelligent correspondent of the Cleveland *Review*, writing from Chicago, says: "I should say that every real estate man is mortgaged for five times more than he can pay. As a general item upon this point, I will state upon the authority of a friend, who saw the records, that the taxable property of Chicago, last spring, was about $36,000,000, while the amount recorded upon bond and mortgage, which it was pledged to secure, was over *one hundred and nine millions of dollars!* Comment is unnecessary to explain the total bankruptcy of this inflated town. Among the older inhabitants there are a few men of means: but the city belongs to Eastern capitalists, who hold it on bond and mortgage security, and who could not in the aggregate, realize thirty cents on the dollar, if they sold out the town to-morrow."

Josiah Randall and the China Mission.

[From the New York Herald.]
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9, 1858.

To the Editors of the Herald:

A letter published in your paper of the 7th instant, dated at Saratoga Springs, states among the arrivals at that place, "Josiah Randall, one of the Pennsylvania old-line whig supporters of Mr. Buchanan, who would have preferred to go to China."

This is one of those flippant remarks in use, or rather abuse, in which some of the correspondents of the press are in the habit of indulging themselves, without any knowledge of the matter of which they write. The innuendo that I desired the mission to China, or any other mission, has not even the semblance of truth. In the community in which I live, such a statement would be laughed at for its absurdity; but I have friends at a distance who have not the same means of knowing the truth.

A short time after the election of Mr. Buchanan, in accordance with an invitation from that gentleman, I visited him at Wheatland. I had a full interchange of opinions with him on the subjects connected with his coming administration, in the course of which I stated that neither desired, nor would accept of any appointment under him; and from that position I have never yet moved. It is well known that for some years past I have had, and still have, judiciary interests under my care which would prevent my acceptance of any office, either abroad or at home.

The measures of Mr. Buchanan's administration have received my most cordial support.—In the recent diplomatic discussion with Great Britain he has exhibited himself as a dignified and conservative statesman, and shown that a great nation can be conciliatory without forfeiting its self-respect, and he has placed his country before the world in an attitude that challenges either criticism or rebuke.

I also approve of the course of Mr. Buchanan in relation to the Lecompton constitution of Kansas, with the single qualification that I never would have accepted of any compromise or modification of the principles laid down by him in his message to Congress on that subject. But he has stood by the rights of the South and steadfastly defended them throughout the whole contest. It is time our northern friends should know that no other administration of the government will preserve our Union.

So long as Mr. Buchanan shall preserve this attitude I will adhere to him, and no longer.—I have no favor to ask of him; my motives are entirely impersonal, and I am governed by the desire alone to perpetuate the peace and prosperity of our common country.

JOSIAH RANDALL.

What is the Matter?

A Republican meeting was held at Wellsboro', Tioga county, on the 21st ult., which was addressed by Wilmot, Grow and Williston.—These speakers, who are all afflicted with the most malignant form of negrophobia, of course discoursed the errors of slavery and declaimed against the monstrous aggressions of the odious "slave aristocracy." They are all masters of that species of cant, which still passes current in that benighted region. At the close of the exercises, a resolution was offered endorsing the Union State ticket, and after an unavailing attempt to stifle its considerations on the ground that the meeting was purely local, the resolution was put to vote, and met with a prompt and emphatic *negative!* What is the matter with the straight-out Republicans? Are they disgusted with the milk-and-water resolutions passed by the mongrel convention because they do not smack strongly enough of the African, or outraged at an alliance with the detestable "Americans?" Wilmot, who thought this meeting of sufficient importance to desert the bench in order that it might be graced with his presence, must certainly have the most fraternal and affectionate recollection of the straig-ought Americans. Is this treason? Can any one explain?—*Patriot and Union.*

☞The Tioga *Agitator*, a leading Republican paper in Wilmot's district, thus discourses of the opposition platform:—

Some time since we took occasion to say to our fusion contemporaries that the convention would not dare to deal with living questions.—Look at that platform; read it carefully; weigh it; analyze it; tell us—what relationship does it hold to the Philadelphia Platform! Is it child, grandchild, stepchild, cousin, or cousin-in-law? Neither. Does it affirm the full power of Congress to prohibit in the Territories "those twin relics of barbarism—Polygamy and Slavery?" Does it denounce the invasion of personal and State Rights by the Dred Scott Decision? Does it deal vigorously with *one* leading question at issue? Neither. It is *negatively* Republican and *positively* mild—clever—harmless. It might do as a toy for political babies, but it will not hold up the weight of a great party. It won't do, gentlemen.

NOW AND THEN—Most of our readers will recollect the celebrated KANE letter of President Polk on the tariff—how it was abused, and villified, and its author denounced by the "opposition" in Pennsylvania. Well, the other day, in looking over the resolutions of the recent "opposition" Convention which met in Harrisburg and put in nomination that eminent "*free-trader*," John M. Read, we were forcibly impressed with the idea that the language of the one relating to a tariff was not new—that we had read it somewhere before,—and the more we pondered the more we were convinced that it was in the Kane letter. The following is the resolution:

Resolved, That the revenue necessary for a judicious and economical administration of the government should be raised by the imposition of duties upon foreign imports, and in laying them, such discriminating protection should be given as will secure the rights of free labor and American industry.

Now read the following extract from the Kane letter:

"I am in favor of a tariff for revenue, such an one as will yield a sufficient amount to the Treasury to defray the expenses of the Government economically administered. In adjusting the details of a revenue tariff I have heretofore sanctioned such moderate discriminating duties as would produce the amount of revenue needed, and at the same time afford reasonable incidental protection to our home industry."—June 16, 1844.

The "opposition" as they delight to call themselves now, used to delight in styling the Democratic party as "free traders," but we think it will puzzle them a little to point out the difference between their Harrisburg resolution and this extract from what they were wont to call "Polk's free trade letter." Indeed, the two are as nigh alike as two twin brothers.—*Erie Observer.*

The Telegraph news at Bedford.

Ann S. Stephens, the authoress, was at Bedford Springs, Pa., when the news of the successful laying of the Atlantic Telegraph was received at that place. A large company were at dinner at the hotel, and among them President Buchanan. Mrs. Stephens says just as they were ready for dessert, a gentleman came breathless into the dining-room and requested the attention of all, when he announced the joyful tidings. For a moment the room was silent as death—next glistening eyes, peered into glistening eyes, and then, no longer able to repress their emotions, the whole company gave vent to their enthusiasm in the most tumultuous cheers and prolonged shouting that was ever heard—the President joining in. The *material* dessert was forgotten in the ecstatic enjoyment of one much greater.

The Band then struck up "God save the Queen" and "Hail to the Chief."

Mrs. Stephens adds that President Buchanan enjoys the most unfounded popularity at Bedford Springs.—*Harrisburg Herald.*

THE USES OF A TELEGRAPH.—The New York *Tribune* instances a case in our history in which the telegraph would have been of great use:

On the 18th of June, 1812, our Government declared war against Great Britain, under the inspiration of our younger, more ardent and less experienced Republican politicians of that day, overruling the judgment of their older compatriots, who had endured and still remembered the trials and sufferings of our Revolutionary struggle. We had many causes of complaint against Great Britain; but one of the most prominent and palpable was based on her Orders in Council by which our trade with the Continent had been most outrageously harassed and crippled. *Those Orders in Council had been repealed before we declared war*, though the fact was unknown—in other words, had the Atlantic Telegraph then existed, it is quite probable that war would not have been declared, that further negotiations would have been had, and an amicable redress of grievances attained, saving to each country thousands of precious lives, and hundreds of millions of dollars.

Another chapter in the history of the war of 1812 affords an illustration equally striking.—The battle of New Orleans was fought on the 8th of January, yet articles of peace had been signed at Ghent on the 24th of December fifteen days before. The news of this peace did not reach here till the 11th of February, forty-nine days after it had been signed by the Commissioners. If the oceanic and land telegraph had existed then, what a chain of events would have been broken.

Frazer River.

The Cincinnati Commercial says:—We learn that a party of adventurous young men are organizing in this city, with the intention to go to the Frazer River Gold Diggings. Having seen the elephant in all his golden glory, we are disposed to set Frazer river down as something of a humbug. The Hudson's Bay Company have long been anxious for a city in the British Possessions of North America to rival San Francisco, and being acquainted with the "dodges" of wide awake Californians in building up new towns, have resorted to an experiment to depopulate California and establish a city, which will not have much influence upon pioneer miners. The green ones may be seduced. Our young men who want golden adventures would make a surer thing of it by going to California or Arizonia. There'll be more disappointed men, proportionately, in the Frazer river regions, than were ever seen in California.

CURIOUS LIBEL CASE.

The York, Pa., papers having published a report sometime ago that the cholera was prevailing in Columbia, the editor of the Columbia *Spy*, in his last issue, retaliated by stating that the psora or itch had suddenly broken out in York; and that such was its violence that hundreds had died from its effects, and others were fleeing from the place in every direction. We knew the thing was a hoax at a glance, and hence treated it as such, in our columns, but many other papers were imposed upon, and published it as a really startling story. There was consequently much excitement in York, which assumed various forms until Friday, when Samuel Wright, editor of the *Spy*, was arrested and held to bail for libel, in the sum of eight hundred dollars. This is the first instance to our knowledge, where a man was arrested for libelling a town, though, we see no good reason why a town may not have rights at law, when slandered as well as an individual.

SMOTHERED IN A TRUNK.—The "story of Genevia" has been re-enacted in Brooklyn, New York, by a little German boy named George Pickner, the son of a widow who suddenly disappeared on Friday last, and was missing until Monday morning, when his dead body was found in a large trunk or chest in the house of his mother. On Friday when the mother was absent, the deceased was at play with a companion, and evidently got into the trunk to conceal himself, when a self adjusting lock closed the lid upon him, and he was smothered. During Saturday and Sunday the friends and neighbors looked in every direction to find the boy, but without success. On Monday morning the mother was induced to open the chest by a strong smell which seemed to emanate from it, expecting to find the body of a rat, but to her astonishment she found the body of her missing son.

THE GRAPE CROP, in and about Cincinnati, is regarded as almost an entire failure. The berry is attacked with a species of rot, which proves fatal in all cases. The value of the grapes raised in Ohio is much greater than is generally supposed. Within a radius of twenty-five miles of Cincinnati it is computed that there are twenty-five hundred acres of ground devoted to the culture of grapes. In favorable seasons the average of wine per acre is two hundred gallons—equal to half a million of gallons as the whole crop for the section described, worth fresh from the press $500,000.—The loss will be severely felt, this year especially. Money is much needed in that region, and wine always commands the cash.

POLITICAL EMANCIPATION OF JEWS.—After twelve years of anxious and obstinate controversy between the heridetary and elective branches of the British Parliment, the bill for the removal of the legislative disabilities of the Jews hss been passed, and, ere this, has become a law. A Jew may now qualify by it and hold a seat in the House of Commons without being obliged to confess Christianity, or take an objectionable oath.

☞Yellow Fever is alarmingly on the increase in New Orleans.

RECORDER.—Mr Peter Hummel, the very efficient and obliging Recorder of our county, has published a notice of great importance to all owners, purchasers, or sellers of real estate.—We learn from it that "by an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, no title for Real Estate is perfect and secure, unless it be recorded within *six months after its Execution*, if it be made within this State; or within *Twelve Months*, if executed out of the State, in the office for Recording of Deeds for the county where the lands lie: otherwise, every such deed or conveyance shall be adjudged fraudulent and void against any subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for valuable consideration, unless such deed or conveyance be recorded as aforesaid, before the proving and recording of said deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim.—*Harrisburg Keystone.*

A FOOLISH TESTAMENT.—A curious will has been contested before the probate court of Cheshire county, N. H. Capt. John Town, late of Keene, devised his estate to the eldest son (yet unborn) of his four sons: or if there were no sons to the eldest daughter: in case either son has neither son nor daughter, after the time when such a blessing is possible in the course of nature, he then receives his portion of the estate himself. The plea of insanity was set up against the will, but the will was sustained.

A CELEBRATED RACER DEAD.—The celebrated racing stallion "Ambassador" was killed by lightning, on Thursday last, on the plantation of his owner, Mr. Charles N. Merriweather, about ten miles from Clarksville, Tenn. "Ambassador" was the winner of the great Alabama stake of $28,000 in 1851, and his time is about the best on record.

THE COTTON CROP OF 1858.—In conversation, last week, with a gentleman who has very recently travelled over nearly the whole cotton-growing section of the United States, says the Macon *Telegraph*, of Tuesday, he expressed the opinion that, if present prospects are verified, the crop will be beyond all precedent in quality. The idea of a deficit of 400,000 bales in the Southwest, resulting from high waters, he considered altogether delusive, and maintained that he had been in no country of that section where present anticipations did not fix the quantity of cotton grown above what could be gathered.

A TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

At a meeting of the members of the Presbyterian Congregation of Schellsburg, in connection with the Stone Church, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved, That whilst we humbly bow to the will of HIM in whose hands all our destinies are, and meekly say, "Father thy will be done," we at the same time deeply mourn the dispensation which has taken from our midst, MRS. JEMIMA WILLIAMS, consort of our beloved Pastor, one who, though but a short time with us, we had learned to love and reverence for her humble, unassuming and genuine piety, as well as her amiable disposition, her gentle bearing, and her meek and quiet spirit by which she attached many hearts and won the kind regard of all who became acquainted with her.

Resolved, That we as a congregation, as well as individually, do most sincerely and deeply sympathise with our beloved Pastor, Rev. Daniel Williams, as well as with the friends and relatives of the deceased, in their present bereavement; at the same time we are consoled with the assurance that the one we mourn for is now resting on the bosom of the dear Saviour whom she so faithfully served, and would say to those who are mourning her loss—"weep not for me, weep for yourselves."

Resolved, That a copy of the above be forwarded to the relatives of the deceased and that the same be published in the Philadelphia Presbyterian, Presbyterian Banner, and in our county papers. JAS. BURNS, Chairman.

JOHN S. STATLER, Sec'y.

Obituary.

At Yellow Creek, in this county, on Monday evening, August 9th, Mrs Rachel Kay, mother of the late George B. Kay, dec'd, aged 95 years, 1 month and 9 days.

The subject of this notice was one of the oldest inhabitants of Bedford county. She was born in York county in this State, but emigrated at an early period within the limits of this county where she resided until the day of her death. The deceased was about 13 years old when the revolutionary war broke out, and frequently took pleasure in relating events that happened during that eventful epoch; particularly such as occurred in the neighborhood of her birth place, where she still dwelt at that time. During the last 18 months of her life she was called upon, in the Providence of God, to undergo severe trials in the death of her son, in whose family she had long lived and of which she continued a member till the day of her death, and subsequently in the total destruction by fire, on last Christmas morning, of the mansion house, at which time she barely escaped being burned to death, all her earthly wealth being consumed in one short hour by the devouring element. The deceased was a worthy member of the church for many years, and died in the triumphs of the gospel, having fallen asleep in Jesus. Her lifeless remains were consigned to their final resting place in the cemetery of the German Reformed Church of Yellow Creek, amid a large concourse of bereaved friends and sorrowing acquaintances. "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his saints." MONTGOMERY.

At the residence his son, near Bedford, on the 6th of inst., Joseph Tomlinson, in his 87th year.

MARRIED:

On the 12th inst., by Rev. F. Benedict, Mr. John Westley Hartzell to Miss Mary Smouse, both of Snake Spring tp., Bedford co.

On the 27th inst., at the residence of Wm. E. Hays, in South Woodberry, by Jno. B. Fluck, Esq., Mr. John McIlnay to Miss Mary Ann Abbot, both of Hopewell township.

At the house of Jacob Brown, on the 1st inst., by Rev. Henry Seifert, Mr. Jacob Dell to Miss Elizabeth Brown, both of Bedford co.

Bedford Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER.

Flour,		$5	Butter,		12½ cts
Wheat, per bu.		100	Eggs, per doz.		8 "
Rye,	"	50 cts.			
Buckwheat, per bu.		40 "	Lard	"	10 "
Barley,	"	50 "	Onions, per bu.		37½ "
Oats,	"	25 "	Corn,	"	40 "
Potatoes,	"	37½			

CLOTHING At First Cost.

Now is the time to invest your money. A. Leopold offers his present stock of ready made clothing at first cost. There is no mistake about it. Call at his store in Bedford, at the well known stand, known as the "Rising Sun," where you can get clothing of all kinds worth double the money you invest. (aug. 20,'58.

Bedford Academy.—The Fall term of the Bedford Academy will commence on Monday, September, 6th.

It is the object of this Institution to cultivate both *mind* and *heart*. Without the harmonious development of the intellectual and moral powers youth cannot be fitted for the active duties of life. Whilst no pains are spared to cultivate the mind, every care is taken to impress the heart by *precept* and *example*, with the importance of correct moral principles. GEO. W. AUGHINBAUGH,

Aug. 20, 1858. Principal.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

In order to make room for Fall and Winter Goods, J. & J. M. Shoemaker, will sell goods at very reduced prices, at the Colonade store. aug. 20, 1858.

A NEW SUPPLY OF BOOTS & SHOES,

Just received and for sale cheap at J. & J. M. Shoemaker's Colonade store. (aug. 20,'58.

JUST RECEIVED

at Shoemaker's Colonade store, a large assortment of coffee, sugar, syrup, molasses, green and black teas, starch, spices, indigo, candles rice, &c., which will be sold very cheap. aug. 20, 1858.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPLETED!

QUEEN VICTORIA'S DESPATCH TO PRESIDENT BUCHANAN RECEIVED!

THE stupendous enterprise of laying the Atlantic Telegraph Cable has been brought to a successful termination and this, together with the

BEDFORD RAILROAD

has excited the people so much that they have almost forgotten every thing except

REED & MINNICHS'

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods Store, where a fine assortment of cloths, cassimeres, prints, bleached and unbleached muslins, ginghams,

Groceries,

coffee, sugar, molasses, extra pulverized sugars, spices, cheese, and numerous other articles, have just been received and opened out for sale, all of which will be sold low for cash, or country produce. CALL AND BE CONVINCED. (aug. 20,'58.

A GOOD HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his house and lot in Buena Vista, Juniata Township, Bedford county, on which are erected a good TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, well finished, an excellent FRAME STABLE, a good shop well calculated for a shoemaker or tailor—also, a well of good water in the back yard, and always plenty of water in the cellar.

This property is a very desirable one, being well calculated for a business man, it being in a good neighborhood. Buena Vista wants another store, a good wagon maker, shoemaker and tailor. ☞Any person wishing to purchase such property, at a low price, will address the subscriber at Buena Vista. If sold, possession given this Fall. NICHOLAS KEGG.

Aug. 20, 1858-tf.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted by the Register of Bedford County, to the subscriber, on the last Will and Testament of John Maiken, late of Bedford township, Bedford county, deceased—all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims on said Estate will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOB MANN,

Aug. 20, 1858. Executor.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Commissioners and Treasurer, the Assessors and Collectors of the Boroughs and Townships of the county of Bedford, that they are hereby required to discharge their respective duties in obedience to the Military Laws of Pennsylvania, approved 21st day of April, A. D. 1858. And that any neglect, or non-performance of the duties required by said law causes such officials to be liable to indictment at the instance of any commissioned officer of the military of this Brigade; and for the better advantage of said officers, see section 23 and 33 of said military law, and also, page 68, of the Adjutant General's instructions and regulations, under the head of military expenses.

Brigade Inspector's Office, aug. 13,'58. } LEMUEL EVANS, B. I. 1st Brig., 16th D., P. M.

Attention, *BEDFORD RIFLEMEN!*—You are hereby ordered to parade at Schellsburg, on Friday, the 10th day of Sept'r, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in summer uniform with plume, and 12 rounds of blank cartridge.

By order of the Capt.

WM. DIBERT, O. S.

A CARD.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,

RAINSBURG, Pa.

The summer term will open Aug. 5th. Fall term, Oct. 21st, 1858, and winter term, Jan. 18th. Spring term, April 5th, 1859.

☞Circulars with full particulars may be had of W. W. BROM, A. B., Principal.

N. B. Students coming to this institution will be conveyed free of charge from Bedford, on the 4th August, by addressing a letter to Mr. Samuel Williams, of Rainsburg.

Rainsburg, Bedford co., June 4, '57-1y.

LIST OF CAUSES put down for trial at the August Term, (30th day,) 1858.

John Shreeve	v Joseph Hixon
Dean & Tricker	v Flemming and Wiley
H & B R T & P Road Co	v Patrick Leddy
Ebben Pennell	v A R Crane et al
Berg Mahony et al	v Solomon Sponsler
Martin Helsel	v Mary Barley
Wm C Logan Esq	v D H Hofius Esq
McClure & McClelland's use	v Levi Evans
Levi Hardinger	v C C Morgart
John Weimer	v James Carnell
Wm Border's use	v John Taylor et al
Fred'k Hildebrant	v C F Kemer
John Weimer's use	v James Carnell
David Helsel	v John Long et al
A Blair's use	v John Blair et al
Diehl & Corle	v Wm Overocker
Eliz Kennard's use	v David Howser et al
Maria McEldowny	v Samuel Williams
Lewis Johnson	v Amos Robinett et al
Thos Kern's use	v Sam'l Kerns ex'rs et al
Juniata School District	v Lewis A Turner
Dr John Gettz	v Barndollar & Ashcom
James Browning	v Artemas Bennett
Joseph Barley	v Jackson Stuckey
Philip Bergman	v Wm Lashley
Joseph Filler	v Lawrence Jamison
T McCauly and Co	v Jno Davidson and Co
Juniata School District	v Joseph Nicodemus
Wm Dibert	v Jacob Lingenfelter

Prothonotary's Office, Bedford: Aug. 6, '58. } S. H. TATE, Proth'y.

OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT,

cheap, durable and pretty, already ground at Hartley's. (j18,'57.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, on Monday, the 30th day of August, A. D. 1858, at one o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

One tract of land containing 98 acres and 93 perches more or less, about 49 acres cleared and under fence, with two log dwelling houses and saw-mill thereon erected—on Denning's creek, adjoining lands of Jacob W. Bowser, A. J. Crissman, Fred'k Berkhimer and others, situate in St. Clair tp., Bedford county and taken in execution as the property of Daniel D. Snowberger.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 76 acres more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a two-story log house thereon erected, adjoining lands of Daniel Miller, Jos. Leasure and others, situate in Monroe township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Jonathan Perrin, one of the defendants at the suit of Moses Gregory, et. al.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 200 acres more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a two-story log house and log barn thereon erected—also some fruit trees thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. Lashley Wm. Hams, Arnold Lashley and others, situate in Southampton tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Achor Bennett.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 200 acres more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two-story log house and double log barn thereon erected—also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Thomas Lawhead, Susan Tewell, ——Hams and others, situate in Southampton tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Frederick Buxton.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 3 acres more or less, about one-half acre cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Rachel & Margaret Doltons, Wm. T. Daugherty, John G. Clark and others, situate in St. Clair township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of James and Samuel Sloan.

ALSO—All def't, John Foster's right, title interest and claim, in and to one lot of ground in the Borough of Bedford, fronting about 40 feet on Pitt street and extending back about 240 ft. to an alley, with a story and a half brick house, with back building attached, two-story log house, and large log stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of Mrs. Elizabeth Baylor on the east and Bedford street on the west, and taken in execution as the property of John Foster.

ALSO—One lot of ground in Pattonsville, fronting 54 feet on main-street and extending back 200 feet to an alley, with a two story brick house and frame kitchen attached, and frame stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of John Ditmor on the east, and the public road on the west, situate in South Woodberry tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Nancy Stoner.

ALSO—One lot of ground in the village of Charlesville, Colerain township, Bedford county, containing one acre more or less, having thereon erected a two-story log dwelling house, with one and a half story store house and ware house attached; also a stable and corn crib thereon, adjoining the public road on the east, Jos Corle on the west and south, and lot of Adam Diehl on the north—seized and taken in execution as the property of Adam Diehl and Joseph F. Corle def'ts, at the suit of Jacob Mench.

ALSO—All def't Thomas W. Horton's right, title interest and claim, in and to one tract of land called buck bottom, containing 60 acres, more or less, about 4 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half plank house thereon erected, adjoining lands of Wm. Forrester on the west, and the Juniata river on the north, east and south.

ALSO—One lot of ground in the town of Hopewell, fronting 30 feet on Mifflin street and extending back 150 feet, with a two story plank house and smoke house thereon erected, adjoining lot of Barndollar, Lowry & Co., on the north, and entry K. Strong on the southeast—

ALSO—One lot of ground in the town of Hopewell, fronting about 150 feet on Wood street, and about 120 on Broad street, extending back to mill race and lying three square, with three two story rough cast dwelling houses, blacksmith shop, shoemaker shop, and tinner shop thereon erected—

ALSO—All defendant's right, title and interest in 50 acres of unimproved coal land, warranted in the name of John L. Grove, adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq., the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company and others—

ALSO—One tract of unimproved bottom land, known as the Adam Young tract, containing 25 acres, more or less, adjoining Juniata river on the north, and lands of John King's heirs on the east and west—

ALSO—All def'ts interest, in and to 3 tracts of unimproved coal lands, warranted in the name of Thomas W. Horton and Jesse Grove, containing in all about 154 acres more or less, adjoining lands of Wm. Montgomery, now John Cessna, Esq., on the north and west, and lands of John Ford and others on the south, and lands of Wm. Evans on the east, and all the above described lands situate in Broad Top township, Bedford county, except Back Bottom, which is situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas W. Horton.

ALSO—One lot of ground in the town of St. Clairsville, fronting 50 feet on the public road, and extending back about 170 feet to an alley, with a story and a half frame house, frame shoemaker shop and frame stable thereon erected; adjoining lot of John Heinsling on the north, and lot of Samuel Carn on the south, situate in St. Clair township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Walters.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 100 acres more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log barn thereon erected—also some fruit trees thereon, adjoining lands of Wm. Fletcher, Wm. Robison, Charles Linn and others, situate in Southampton township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of George Blankley.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 250 acres more or less, about 20 acres cleared and under fence, with a dwelling house and stable thereon, adjoining lands of Andrew Collins, Isaac Hunter and others; situate in Southampton tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Joseph Barns.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 30 acres more or less, about ten acres cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Rudolph Hoover, Peter Stern, Philip Croft and others; situate in Middle Woodberry township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Edward Pearson.

ALSO—All def'ts Thomas King's right, title, interest and claim in and to one tract of land, containing 600 acres more or less, known as the Bedford Forge property, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story stone and weather boarded dwelling house, with back building attached, stone house, ware house, fourteen tenant houses, iron forge, saw-mill, two coal sheds, two frame stables, large new bank barn, and other out buildings thereon erected—also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of George B Kay's heirs, James Fink, Wm. Kerns, Benjamin Fink, Jacob Steel and others.

ALSO—One other tract of land containing 2,300 acres more or less, known as the Lemnos Iron Work's Property, about 300 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house, a two story brick store house, ware house, metal furnace, one iron forge, sixteen tenant houses, six horse stables, two coal sheds and other out buildings thereon erected; adjoining lands of Henry Gates, Michael Fluck, James Eichelberger, Eli Fluck and others.

ALSO—One other tract of land containing 40 acres more or less, all cleared and under fence, with a two story log house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of James Price, Henry Gates and others, and all the above described property, situate in Hopewell township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas King.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Aug. 6, '58. } WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

List of Petit Jurors for August Term (30th day,) 1858.

Bedford Borough—A. Wayne Mower, John H Rush.
Bedford Tp—Jacob Barnhart, Sam'l Deibaugh.
Broad Top—David Ford, John F Lowry.
Colerain—Joseph Corle, Solomon Heckman.
Cumberland Valley—Jonathan Foore, Geo. Elliott.
Hopewell—Wm Smith.
Juniata—Michael Kegg.
Londonderry—Samuel Logue, Josiah Miller.
Liberty—John Cyphers.
Monroe—Henry Mills, Baltzer Fletcher.
Napier—Jos F Blackburn, Richard McMullin, Geo W Williams.
Providence East—John Nycum, of Jon.
Providence West—Samuel Bender.
St. Clair—Thos Jones, Henry Kauffman, Levi McGregor, Thos B Wisegarver, Mathew Wrights, Geo Vickroy.
Southampton—Bezekiah O'Neal, Thos Donehoe, Bazil Browning, Artemas Bennett.
South Woodberry—David F Bucher, John B Fluke.
Snake Spring—Daniel Snider, of Henry.
Union—Adam Corel, Samuel Shaffer, John H Walter.

GRAND JURORS.

Bedford Tp—Thomas Knox, Wm Phillips, David Patterson, Jacob Shultz.
Broad Top—I C Everhart.
Colerain—James Rollins.
Cumberland Valley—Adam Zembower.
Hopewell—Jos Whetstone.
Harrison—Jonathan Hyde.
Monroe—Evan Swartzwalder.
M. Woodberry—John F Holsinger, Daniel Baker.
Napier—Geo Lowser, Jas W Blackburn.
Schellsburg bor—Samuel Statler, of Emanuel, Henry Schell.
Southampton—Isaac Wilson.
Snake Spring—Geo Smouse.
South Woodberry—Wm Snider.
St. Clair—A J Crisman.
Union—John Hyssong, Baltzer Fletcher, Joseph Croyle, Geo Beegle.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. **FRANCIS M. KUMMELL**, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and JOHN G. HARTLEY and A. J. SNIVELY, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 5th Monday of August, (being the 30th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day there and then to do those things to which you several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 30th day of July, in the year of our Lord 1858.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

Bedford County, ss.

AT an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for said County of Bedford, on the 3d day of May, 1858, before the Judges of the said court,

On motion of O. E. Shannon, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Geo. Barker, late of Middle Woodberry township, dec'd, to wit: the issue of John, Sarah Jane, William Henry Phebe Ellen, and George Edmund, of whom Daniel Barley is guardian, George, Elizabeth Funk, dec'd, leaving issue, Louisa, residing in Cedar county, Iowa, and has for her guardian Geo. B. Holsinger; Jane Holsinger, wife of George B. Holsinger, all residing in Bedford county, except Elias Funk. To be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford in and for the county of Bedford, on the 5th Monday, 30th day of August, A. D. 1858, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased at the valuation, which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation issued out of our said court and to the Sheriff of said county directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand and the seal of said court at Bedford, this 7th day of May, 1858.

Attest— SAM'L H. TATE, Wm. S. Fluke, Sh'ff. Proth'y.

Stray Steer, came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, residing in St. Clair tp., about the first day of June last, a red steer, with a large bell, supposed to be over two years old, one ear cropped and a swallow cut mark out of the other. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or else he will be disposed of as the law directs.

Aug 13,'58 SAMUEL ICKES.

GREAT

ATTRACTION!

New and Cheap

Clothing Emporium.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Bedford, and surrounding country, that he has opened out in Bedford, at the old and well known stand, known as the

"RISING SUN,"

an extensive Clothing Establishment, where he will always be found with a large and well selected stock of gentlemen and boys' clothing. From his long experience in the business, he flatters himself that he cannot be surpassed, either in his facilities for purchasing clothing at a low figure, or of selling them ower than any other store within 150 miles of this place.

Not wishing to enumerate the many different articles of clothing on hand he would merely state, that in part, his stock consists of coats ranging from 75 cents, to $18, pants from 50 cents, to $10, vests from 37½ cts, to $6. Also, shirts, collars, cravats, trunks, carpet sacks, &c., &c.

All persons wishing to purchase clothing or any thing else in my line, will never regret of calling at Leopolds No 1., cheap clothing Emporium, where you can get cheap and unheard of bargains—Come one, come all.

May 14, 1858. A. LEOPOLD.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

G. A. Salt, for sale by G. W. Rupp.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested, are hereby notified that the following named accountants, have filed their accounts in the Register's Office of Bedford county, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, in and for said county, on Tuesday, the 31st day of August, next, at the Court House in Bedford.

The supplemental account of Robert C. Galbraith, one of the executors of the last will &c., of William Galbraith, late of Napier township, dec'd.

The account of Nathan G. Wright, adm'r of the estate of Samuel Mock, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

The account of Michael Lutz, adm'r of the estate of John Lutz, late of Snake Spring Valley township, deceased.

The account of Samuel Reighart, guardian of Catharine & Susan Reighart, of Bedford township.

The account of John Rowser, adm'r of the estate of Elizabeth Stuffler, late of Napier township dec.

The account of John Ake, Esq., adm'r of the estate of J. Peter Shimer, late of Union township, dec.

The account of Elizabeth Blackburn and Thomas McCoy, executors of the last will &c., of Thomas W. Blackburr, late of St. Clair township, dec'd.

The account of Wm. C. Wisegarver and Andrew J. Wisegarver, executors of the last will &c., of Daniel Wisegarver, late of Bedford township, dec'd.

The account of O. E. Shannon, Esq., one of the adm'rs, *de bonis non cum testamento annexo*, of Thomas Vickroy, late of St. Clair township dec'd.

The account of Samuel L. Russell, Esq., one of the administrators, *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo*, of Thomas Vickroy, late of St. Clair township deceased.

The account of Samuel L. Russell, Esq., executor, of the last will and testament of Solomon Filler, late of the borough of Bedford, dec'd.

The account of Samuel L. Russell, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Josiah E. Barclay, Esq., late of the borough of Bedford, dec'd.

The account of Samuel L. Russell, Esq., guardian of Emma F. Barclay, of the Borough of Bedford.

The account of Samuel L. Russell, Esq., guardian of Mary F. Barclay, of the Borough of Bedford.

The first account of Thomas Keeffe, administrator of the estate of Phœbe Keeffe, late of Bedford township, dec'd.

The account of John B. Furney, adm'r of the estate of Andrew Carn, late of Bedford township, dec'd.

The supplemental account of Joseph Nicodemus, acting administrator of Joseph Dull, late of Juniata township, dec'd.

Register's Office, Bedford, July 30, '58. } SAM'L H. TATE, Register.

Dr. W. H. Witmor, OF LANCASTER, (formerly of Philadelphia,) where he has been in successful practice for a number of years, received his education at the best Medical College in the U. States and had the experience and practice in the different Hospitals for several years, a member of the Analytical Medical Institute of N. York, and late Medical Surgeon of the United States Navy, now offers himself to the public to attend any professional calls.

The purest medicines always on hand direct from the best Laboratories of our country, and the Botanical Gardens of the world. No patent medicines prescribed or recommended. Medicines used only which will not break down the constitution, but will renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines. Chronic and difficult diseases must be treated upon analytical principles, which is to know and ascertain what disease is. Its nature and character require a knowledge of the chemical constituents of every solid and fluid of the human body; the changes those solids and fluids are capable of undergoing. To know what medicines to employ to cure diseases, requires a knowledge of the chemical constituents of all agents employed in medicine; and if we are in possession of this knowledge, it is possible to cure any disease—no matter of how long standing—and leave the patient in a healthy and perfectly cured condition.

Melancholy, Aberration, or that state of alienation and weakness of the mind which renders persons incapable of enjoying the pleasures or performing the duties of life; Dyspepsia, that distressing disease and fell destroyer of health and happiness, undermining the constitution, and yearly carrying thousands to untimely graves, can most emphatically be cured. Rheumatism, in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable; Epilepsy or falling sickness; all chronic and stubborn diseases of Females radically removed. Salt Rheum, and every description of ulcerations; Piles and Scrofulous Diseases, which have baffled all previous medical skill can be cured by my treatment, when the constitution is not exhausted.

I do say all diseases (yes, *Consumption*) can be cured.

☞*CANCER CURED* without the knife.

I will remain in my office on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M., to accommodate patients from a distance, and consult in the English and German languages. Will make visits to any distance if required. May be addressed by letter, Fulton square, Lancaster city, Pa.

july 30,'58-1y. W. H. WITMOR, M. D.

P. S. See in local column my appointment to visit Bedford on the 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, days of August, to consult with patients on all diseases free of charge. W. H. WITMOR.

A Two-Story Frame House

AND

FIVE ACRES OF GROUND FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale a new TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, together with FIVE ACRES OF GROUND, situate along the Bedford and Somerset Turnpike road, in Allegheny township, Somerset county, adjoining John Corly, Wm. Barrick and others. The property is in good order, and has all the necessary out-buildings thereon erected—the property is very desirable for a good mechanic or laboring man, as it has every convenience and located in a good neighborhood. Terms easy.

MARY SPROAT.

N. B. For further information, address the subscriber at Buena Vista, Bedford county, Pa. July 9, 1858. M. S.

FOR SALE, OR TRADE.—A Farm within one mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stonerstown, in the Broad Top Coal region, containing about 160 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

the well known Tavern Stand and Store House in the town of Woodberry, situate on lot No. 5, on the plan of said town 66 feet by 190 feet, now in the occupancy of William Pierson.

ALSO,

160 acres of land in Dallas County, Iowa.

ALSO,

320 acres of land in Montgomery County, Iowa.

ALSO,

320 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa.

ALSO

120 acres in Morrison County, Minnesota.

ALSO

Lot no 8 of block 53 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory.

All near the Rail Roads and presenting good opportunities for investments.

O. E. SHANNON.

Bedford, July 2, 1858.

NOTICE.

GEO. B. AMICK, surviving partner of the late firm of Geo. B. Amick & Bro., notifies all persons interested, that the Books of said firm are in his hands for settlement, and that circumstances demand an immediate closing up of the business of said firm. Persons indebted, or having settlements to make, are therefore requested to call on the subscriber without delay.

The subscriber will continue the Mercantile Business at the "GOLD STAND," where he will be happy to meet his friends and customers at all times. He will receive in a very short time a new supply of seasonable goods, which he is determined to sell on the most reasonable terms.

St. Clairsville, June 11,'58. GEO. B. AMICK.

Bedford Springs.

THIS well-known and delightful Summer Resort will be open for the reception of Visitors on the 16th of June, and kept open till the 1st of October.

The new and spacious Buildings erected last year are now fully completed, and the whole establishment has been furnished in a superior style, and the accommodations will be of a character not excelled in any part of the United States.

The Hotel will be under the management of Mr. A. G. ALLEN, whose experience, courteous manners, and attention to his guests, give the amplest assurance of comfort and kind treatment.

The Company have made extensive arrangements to supply dealers and individuals with "Bedford Water" by the barrel, carboy, and in bottles, at the following prices, at the Springs, viz:

For a barrel (mulberry)	$1 00
Do. (Oak)	3 00
½ Do. (mulberry)	3 00
½ Do. (Oak)	2 00
Carboy, 10 gallons	2 25
Bottles, 1½ pint, per dozen	1 50

The barrels are carefully prepared, so that purchasers may depend upon receiving the Water fresh and sweet.

All communications should be addressed to

THE BEDFORD MINERAL SPRINGS CO.,

July 9, 1858-6t. Bedford County, Pa.

The "Right of Search"

WILL not be denied to any one wishing to purchase a new coat at Loyer's

Emporium

OF FASHION!

where has just been received a large and elegant assortment of gentlemen's dress and furnishing goods, consisting, in part, of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
CRAVATS,
GLOVES, &c., &c.

all of which are offered to the public at a low figure.

Clothes made to order on short notice.

Call and buy one of those beautiful coats made only by

Colin Loyer, Merchant TailoR,
Of the finest fashionable
Lasting goods, both plain and fancY,
Into Bedford ever brought TO
Neatly clothe "ye people" civil.

Bedford, July 2, 1858.

Mrs. Agnes Saupp

Would respectfully announce to the public of Bedford and vicinity that she has just rec'd. a large and well-assorted supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS,

Embracing a general assortment of staple and fancy articles, comprising in part, Superb Black and Fancy Silks, Robe A'Quilla, or Side Stripes, Lawn Robes, French Ducals, Berages, Tissues and Muslin De Laines, Lawns and Ginghams, White and Printed French Brilliants, Plain and emb'd. Swiss Muslins, Hosiery and corsets, all sizes for Ladies, Buttons, Braids and cords, Collars, Sleeves, Edgings and Inserting; a full supply of Mourning Goods; Silk Parasols; best Kid Gloves, of

all colors, Challies, Alpacas, Calicoes, Muslins, Flannels, Tickings, Summer Coatings, Tweeds, Jeans, Linen and a general assortment of Boys' Wear; a large lot of Shoes and Gaiters, Moroccos, Linings and Bindings, together with a general assortment of Groceries, Paints, Oils and Varnish.

N. B. Hardware at cost for cash, or six months credit to punctual customers—embracing almost every article in the hardware line.

April 30., 6 m.

New Goods.

The undersigned respectfully announce to their friends and customers, that they have just opened a very large and general assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

consisting, in part, as follows:

SILKS, CHALLIES, ALPACAS, DELAINES LAWNS, BERAGES, BRILLIANTS, FRENCH and AMERICAN CHINTZ, GINGHAMS, GLOVES, COLLARS, HOSIERY, &C., &C.

SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS.

Cloths,	Cassimeres,	Vestings,
Muslins,	Drillings,	Tickings,
Ky. Jeans,	Linens,	Sheetings,
Cottonades,	Flannels,	Cassinetts,
Nankeens,	Cambrics,	Checks,

CHEAP CARPETS,

White and Colored Chain, Floor Oil Cloths, Matting, Rugs,

Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps,

Also, a large stock of fashionable READY MADE COATS.

Also, a full stock of Groceries, Wooden Ware, &c

Having selected our goods with great care, we are enabled to offer our customers VERY GREAT BARGAINS for cash, country produce, or on six months credit to punctual dealers. An examination of our stock is respectfully solicited.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Apr. 30.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned Executors of the last Will and Testament of Philip H. Hoover, late of Napier tp., in said county, dec'd—all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM HOOVER,
Jenner tp., Somerset county,
JOHN HOOVER,
St. Clair tp., Bedford county.

July 30, 1857. Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of Henry Shuters, late of Liberty township, deceased—all persons, therefore, indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against it will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS, NORRIS,
of James' Creek, Huntingdon co., Adm'r.

July 9, 1858-6t.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL and Jayne's Expectorant, at Dr. Harry's Drug Store. [july 30, 1858.]

All kinds of goods sold at REED & MINNICHS for Cash or Produce.

THE

Liver Invigorator.

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD,

COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS,

Is one of the best purgative and liver medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a Cathartic, but a Liver remedy, acting first on the Liver to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strenthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The LIVER is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The stomach is also almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the *Liver*—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy whereby with to counteract the many derangements which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Bilious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented, by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures Costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia. ☞One dose of two teaspoonfulls will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction, removes the cause of the disease and makes a perfect cure. Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus and a preventive of Cholera.

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness. One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.—One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa, in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose. One or two doses cures attacks caused by Worms in Children; there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

☞A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever and all Fevers of a Billious Type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues. All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

☞MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, and swallow both together.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR

Is a scientific medical discovery, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, even the first dose giving benefit, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or Dyspepsia to a common Headache, all of which are the result of a Diseased Liver.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor 315 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale at the Drug Store of Dr. B F Harry, Bedford, Pa.

May 14, 1858.

JOY TO THE ADMIRERS OF

A FINE HEAD OF

RICH GLOSSY HAIR.

Talk of beauty, and it cannot exist without a fine head of hair, then read the following, and if you ask more, see circular around each bottle, and no one can doubt.

Professor Wood's Hair Restorative.—We call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color, gray hair—covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth—removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions—causes a continual flow of the natural fluids; and hence, if used as a regular dressing for the hair will preserve its color, and keep it from falling to extreme old age, in all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the grey, or diseased in scalp, to use it; and surely the young will not, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curl, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

The Agent for Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in New Haven, received the following letter in regard to the Restorative, a few weeks since:

DEEP RIVER, Cox., July 23, 1858.

Mr. Levenworth—Sir: I have been troubled with dandruff or scurf on my head for more than a year, my hair began to come out, scurf and hair together, I saw in a New Haven paper about "Wood's Hair Restorative" as a cure. I called at your store on the 1st of April last, and purchased one bottle to try it, and I found to my satisfaction it was the thing, it removed the scurf and new hair began to grow; it is now two or three inches in length where it was all off. I have great faith in it. I wish you to send me two bottles more by Mr. Post, the bearer, of this.—I don't know as any of the kind is used in this place, you may have a market for many bottles after it is known here. Yours with respect,

RUFUS PRATT.

PHILA., Sept., 9, 1857.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—in fact had. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation I can induce many others to try it.

Yours respectfully, D. R. THOMAS, M. D.
No. 464 Vine street.

VINCENNES, IA., June 22, 1856.

Prof. O. J. Wood: As you are about to manufacture and vend your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it and known others to use it—that I have, for several years, been in the habit of using, other Hair Restoratives, and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know. It entirely cleanses the head of dandruff, and with one month's proper use will restore any person's hair to the original youthful color and texture, giving it a healthy, soft and glossy appearance; and all this, without discoloring the hands that apply it, or the dress on which it drops. I would, therefore, recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to hair. Respectfully yours,

WILSON KING.

O. J. WOOD & Co., 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great New York Wire Railing Establisment, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all Druggists.

For sale at the Drug Store of Dr. B F Harry, Bedford, Pa.

May 14, 1858.

AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE

of Hair and tooth brushes at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.

SWAIN'S PANACEA,

at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

JAYNE'S WRIGHTS,

Bennett's and Dyott's Pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

Sign of the Lock!

HARDWARE,

FARM-IMPLEMENT AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING AND

VARIETY STORE.

WILLIAM HARTLEY

Has just opened and is constantly receiving at his new store, corner of "Bedford Hall," one door East of A B Cramer's store, an elegant and large stock of Hardware, House Furnishing Goods, and Agricultural Implements. His stock consists in part of

Carpenter's tools,
Cabinet maker's tools and findings,
Wooden and willow ware,
Ropes of several sizes,
Chains in assortment,
Shovels, scoops, forks and spades,
Files and Rasps in Variety,
Locks of all descriptions,
Brass, Copper and Iron wire,
Churns in Variety,
Coffee and Spice Mills, (Warranted)
Fox, Rat, and Mice traps,
Spade, Shovel, fork and axe handles,
Brushes in Variety,
Nails, Glass and Putty,
Fluid, Pine oil and Turpentine,
Double and Single Bit axes,
Knife cleaners, an excellent article,
Britannia ware,
Brass, porcelained and tin lined Kettles,
Patent and common Sad Irons,
Shoemakers tools and findings,
Screen wire,
Chain Pumps,
Corn Shellers,
Corn Fodder Cutters and crushers,
Corn mills,
Glass Lanterns,
Oil for Harness and Machinery,
Paints, oils, and varnish, Iron and Steel of all descriptions, Wall Paper and hundreds of other articles.

He respectfully invites the patronage of the citizens of this and adjoining counties, feeling confident that he can satisfy them in the price and quality of his goods.

Remember, things sold by him are *warranted* as *represented* so that none can be deceived; and any article not in his line not on hand will be furnished at 4 days notice cheerfully at Eastern retail price.

N. B. Believing that the present credit system is disadvantageous to every body, he will trust no man longer than 6 months, but will sell *cheaper for cash* than goods of like quality have ever been bought in Bedford. Call and examine his stock, judge for yourself, and we think you will be pleased with the goods, the prices and the system.

He keeps on hand, or will cheerfully furnish every thing needed in this county and brought from the East, excepting only dry goods and groceries.

March, 26, 1858.

To Clergymen and Superintendent's of Sabbath Schools.

We keep on hand the publications of the Am. S. S. Union, American Bible Society, American Tract Society, Presbyterian Board of Publication, Methodist Book Rooms, Massachusetts S. S. Union, Lutheran Board of Publication, Episcopal S. S. Union, and a great variety of standard Religious Publications suitable for Sabbath Schools.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

March 6, 1857.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 1855.

BANKING HOUSES
OF
JOHN T. HOGG.

SOMERSET,	SOMERSET CO.	Pennsylvania.
MOUNTPLEASANT,	WESTMORE'D "	
CONNELLSVILLE,	FAYETTE CO.	
UNIONTOWN,	"	
BROWNSVILLE,	"	
NEW BRIGHTON,	BEAVER CO.	

Deposits received, Discounts made, Drafts bought, sold and collected. Bank notes and Specie bought and sold. Stocks, notes, and other securities, bought and sold on Commission. Correspondence and collections solicited.

Aug. 21, 1857.

Shryock & Smith,

Booksellers and Stationers, and dealers in Music and Musical Instruments, Chambersburg.

Our Stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall Paper, Blinds, French, German, and American Lithographs, and Steel Engravings, gilt Mouldings for Frames, etc. etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 6.

GETTYS' PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

Exchange Building, Bedford, Pa.,

Where Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c. &c., of every description, are executed in the latest styles and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, and gold and plated Lockets, at verylow prices.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, Jr.

For pimples and wrinkles and freckles and tan,
Nothing has e'er been discovered by man,
Like that wonnerful product of tropical bowers,
The popular "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."
to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store.
March 6, 1857.

CALICOES, MUSLINS, and other goods just received at Reed and Minnich's. Call and see them.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

Any person desireus of purchasing a well established and profitable Drug Store can hear of a first rate opening by addressing the editor of this paper.

July 17, 1857.

Country Physicians can have their orders filled at City prices at Dr. Harry's.

Bedford, Dec. 5, 1856.

For the Hair, Jockey Club and new mown Hay Pomatums, Phalon's Invigorator, &c. &c. can all be had at Dr. Harry's.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE

of Carriage varnish at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

Bedford
RAIL ROAD!

Since the Charter has been granted for the "Bedford Rail Road," the citizens of Bedford have been much excited and interested upon the subject, the interest is not confined to the citizens of the town, but extends throughout the country, and crowds are daily rushing to

RUPP'S

NEW AND HANDSOME STORE,

IN ANDERSON'S ROW,

where a large and attractive assortment of beautiful Spring and Summer goods are opening, which will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in this place.

The Stock consists in part of

Organdie Lawns, White & Printed Brilliants, Robes de Shaum, Barage de Laines, Robes A' Quilla, Lavellas
Challies, Plain & Figured
Swiss, Latest Style
Lawn Robes for
$1 50.

Mohair Mixture for 18¾ per yard.
De Laines of all discriptions from 6 cts to 25 per yard.
Lawns of various styles for 6 cts pre yard.
An extensive assortment of beautiful prints ranging from 4 cts to 12½ per yard.

MUSLINS OF ALL PRICES AND QUALITIES.

A large assortment of Ladies & Misses, gloves, & hosiery from the low figure of 5 cts up.

Pure linen hdkffs. for 5 cts and a full and complete assortment of ladies dress goods generally.

A large and well selected assortment of cloths, cassimeres and vestings. Consisting in part of

Black French & English Cloths.
Blue do do do.
Olive do do do.
Black Cassimere.
Black Doe Skin.
Fancy French & American Cassimeres.

VESTINGS.

Grenadines Plain & Figured.
Radzemire do do.
Velvets do do.
And a great variety of Marseilles vestings.

Fancy Silk & Lawn Neck Ties from 6¼ to 62½

A complete assortment of Ladies & Misses boots, shoes & gaiters, also a large stock of mens boots & shoes.

MY ASSORTMENT OF GROCERIES CAN'T BE BEAT.

Brown Sugar for 6¼ cts per pound.

Do do	First rate	8 "	"
Do do	Extra	" 10	" "
White Sugars	"	12½, 14, & 15,	
First Rate Rio Coffee,		12½	per pound
Extra do	do	15	" "
No 1 Java	do	15	" "
Best N. O. Molasses		12½	" quart,
Good Syrup	do	12½	" "
Extra do	do	18¾	" "

GOOD CORN BROOMS FOR A DIME,

All of which will be sold cheaper than the cheapest. Don't forget to call at RUPP'S NEW STORE IN ANDERSON'S ROW, one door east of Cessna and & Shannon's office, and opposite the Gazette Office.

G. W. RUPP.

April 30, 1858.

BAZAR!

BAZAR!

HAVE you called at the Ladies' BAZAR in

"ANDERSON'S ROW?"

MRS. H. D. PEUGH, has just returned from the *Eastern Cities*, with a handsome assortment of Ladies' and Children's fancy goods—Have you seen them?

HER Millinery is not to be surpassed in beauty and elegance of style, and at prices astonishingly cheap. Bonnets, white and colored, from 37½ cents up.—Ladies' Misses and Children's jockey caps, exquisitly nice and new in style, French and American flowers, a large and well selected assortment, not to be excelled in quality and cheapness. Ribbons without number, of various styles and colors, Ladies' dress caps, head dresses, and also, various kinds of useful and fancy articles for Ladies' toilets.

DRESS GOODS

Consisting in part of robes, challies, ducals, mous de laines, lawns, barages, (some as low as 12½ cents) robe a quille, French muslins, silks, black and colored, summer silks, various styles; also handsome shawls, mantillas, lace caps, dusters, &c.

EMBROIDERIES,

Such as sleeves, collars, infant's waists, and a superior lot of French setts, handkerchiefs, edgings, laces, &c.

Calicoes and Cotton Goods, of all descriptions. Ginghams, ranging in prices from six, eight, ten, to twelve cents.

HOSIERY, gloves, and mitts; carpet bags, travelling baskets, toys, perfumery, and jewelry.

A large assortment of ladies' and children's shoes, purchased at reduced prices, ladies' slippers at 50 cents; fine lasting gaiters at $1,25, other styles corresponding in price. Call and examine for yourselves.

MRS. H. D. PEUGH would embrace this opportunity, to tender to the public her thanks for the liberal patronage she has received, and hopes by a constant effort to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

May 7, 1858. MRS. H. D. PEUGH.

STOP & LOOK

AT THE GRAT

Bargains!

THE CRY IS STILL THEY COME!!

Oster, Manspeaker & Carn, Respectfully present their sincere thanks to their numerous friends and patrons for their kind and very liberal patronage, since opening the

New Store,

and respectfully beg leave to announce, that they are now receiving and opening the

Second supply of new Summer Goods,

embracing a large and attractive assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

adapted to the present and approaching season, together with a general assortment of

Groceries, Queensware, Cutlery, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Boots and Shoes.

a large and varied assortment of D. Rodney King & Co's Philadelphia made, Ladies, Misses and Children's fine Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers and Ties, &c., &c.

Having purchased our goods at the very lowest possible CASH prices, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than ever. Come in and see—we will take great pleasure in showing our goods, whether you wish to buy or not. [Bedford, July 9, '58.–3m.]

TO BE HAD AT DR. HARRY'S.

Essence of Jamaica Ginger, which should have a place in every family, for sale at Dr. Harry's.

Rousell's unrivalled Shaving Cream at Harry's.

WALL AND BLIND PAPER.

Dr. B. F. HARRY is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our Spring selection with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

March 6.

☞Adams & Co. have established their Express on the H. & B. T. R. R. and appointed C. W. ASHCOM, Esq., agent at Hopewell.

BEDFORD

Machine Shop!

THE subscriber would most respectfully announce to the farming community, and public in general, that he still continues to manufacture at his shop, in Bedford, Pa., the following farming utensils, of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, viz:

FOUR AND SIX HORSE TUMBLING SHAFT POWER MACHINES,

with large open cylinders, six staves, and spikes screwed in, and improved Straw Shakers attached. Their superiors for strength and speed are not made in this or any other county in the State.

Four Horse Tumbling Shaft and Strap Power Machine with cylinder open or shut, as may be desired and shaker of the best kind, for convenience, ease of draft, and perfect working. This machine has no superior anywhere.

THREE HORSE MACHINES, of the same kind.—TWO AND THREE HORSE TUMBLING SHAFT POWER MACHINES, a very convenient and excellent machine for small farmers, with or without shakers. *HILL SIDE PLOUGHS*, of a very superior pattern to any in use in this country —*Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, with steel shovels.*

Cultivators,

Peckham's New York FIVE-HOED STEEL POINT EXPANDING CULTIVATOR—Roger's Pittsburg patent STEEL TOOTH EXPANDING CULTIVATOR, for working corn, or seeding in grain, Fanning Mills, Horse Rakes, Lever Cutting Boxes, Harrows, Wheelbarrows, made to order. All the above articles constantly on hand, and sold on reasonable terms.

Repairing of all kinds of Machines, whether made here or elsewhere, done on the shortest notice.

Castings for all my Machines and Ploughs made at the Foundry of Mr. Michael Bannan, in Bedford, and will compare with any made in the State for strength and durability. BLACKSMITHING done to order. All my work warranted to give satisfaction.

From a past experience of twenty years in the Machine business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call. Call and examine my work before you purchase elsewhere, as I am determined to please all.

Horses, grain of all kinds, lumber and iron, will be taken in exchange for work.

PETER H. SHIRES,
Bedford, May 21, 1858–6m. Machinist.

THE MORMONS RETREATING!!

Fresh

ARRIVAL

OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

just received

AT SHOEMAKERS' COLONADE STORE.

THE undersigned having just returned from the eastern cities, are now opening a splendid assortment of Spring and Summer goods, consisting in part of Black and Fancy Silks, Mous. Delains, plain and figured Alpaccas, Lawns, Calicoes, Challies, Debages, etc., etc.

BLACK AND FANCY CLOTHS,

Cassimeres, Summer Coatings Tweeds, Jeans, Linen, and a general assortment of boys' wear. A large assortment of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Sacks, Cotton and Carpet Chain, Muslins, Flannels, Vestings, Handkerchiefs, Coffee, Sugar, Syrup, Green and Black Teas, Queensware, Hardware, Buckets, Tubs, Brooms Looking Glasses, Umbrellas,

and every thing that is generally kept in country stores—all which they will sell cheap.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

To punctual customers a credit of six months will be given.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER.

April 23, 1858.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the travelling public, that he has established a daily line of stages between Bedford and Latrobe. The route is that of the old Philadelphia Turnpike, leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, being one of the best coach roads in the Union.

Passengers will REACH

trains of cars for Pittsburg as early as by going to Hollidaysburg or Johnstown. The fare to Pittsburg on this route is *Four Dollars and Twenty Cents* being

THREE DOLLARS CHEAPER

than on any other route from Bedford to that point. Coaches leave the Washington Hotel, Bedford, every morning, at 6½ o'clock, (Sundays excepted) and the Depot at Latrobe every morning, after the arrival of the mail train from Pittsburg, (Sundays excepted. JOSEPH A. GARMAN.

February, 12, 1858–tf.

BLOOBY RUN FOUNDRY
AND
Machine Shop!

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1856.

BURNING FLUID and PINE OIL

Always to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

PURE WHITE LEAD, FLAXSEED OIL and Spirits Turpentine, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

Bazin's fancy Toilet Soaps, Shaving Creams &c. just received and for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

LUMBER.—Twenty Thousand feet of Spruce & Pine Boards, also a large supply of Poplar Scantling—for sale by A. B. CRAMER & Co

Feb 19, 1858

---

edford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

DR. WALTON'S
AMERICAN PILLS.
JOY TO THE AFFLICTED.
YOUNG AMERICA VICTORIOUS

One small box of Pills cures ninety-nine cases out of a hundred. No Balsam, no Mercury, no odor on the breath, no fear of detection. Two small pills a dose; tasteless and harmless as water. Full directions are given, so that the patient can cure himself as certain as with the advice of the most experienced surgeon, and much better than with the advice of one of little experience in this class of disease.

SENT BY MAIL TO ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY by enclosing one dollar to *Dr. D. G. Walgen* No. 154 North Seventh St. below Race, Philadelphia. *A liberal discount to the trade.* None genuine without the *written* signature of D. G. Walton Proprietor.

Dr. W's treatment for Self-abuse, Weakness, &c., is entirely different from the usual course. Dr. W. has cured hundreds who have tried others without benefit. The treatment is as certain to cure as the sun is to rise. Enclose a stamp, and address Dr. W. as above giving a full history of your case, and you will bless the day you made the effort to secure what is certain—A RADICAL CURE.

Feb. 5, 58.—1 yr.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Henry S. King and James Madara, under the name and firm of Madara, King & Co., doing business at Lemon's Iron Works, in Hopewell township, Bedford county, is dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY S. KING,
Nov. 2, 1857. JAMES MADARA.

The business of manufacturing iron at Lemon' Iron Works, will be continued by the undersigned, who has purchased all the interest of his late partners James Madary, in the Books property and effects belonging to the late firm of Madara, King & Co.

Nov. 20. 1857. HENRY S. KING.

FURNITURE

For Sale.

The subscriber being a practical workman, is now carrying on the cabinet making business at the east end of Bedford, next to the Foundry, and has on hand the best, and most fashionable stock of furniture, ever made. Please call and examine for yourselves before buying elsewhere, as great bargains can be had by giving him a call.

May 7, 1858. M. E. BARTEGES.

How to save Money!

ALL persons who are in want of good and very cheap Chairs and Cabinet Furniture, can now have an opportunity of saving money, by calling on the subscriber, and selecting such articles as they may need from a large stock now on hand which will be sold lower than the same can be bought in this country.

You who are about to commence housekeeping will do well by calling on me as there will be great reductions made in suits of Furniture. You will see the truth of the above statement by looking at the following list of prices.

CHAIRS FROM	$4 50	to	36 00	per set
BEDSTEADS,	2 50	"	15 00	"
TABLES,	2 50	"	20 00	"
BUREAUS,	10 00	"	35 00	"
CUPBOARDS,	5 00	"	12 00	"
WASHSTANDS,	1 50	"	6 00	"
WORK STANDS,	1 00	"	5 00	"
CANDLE STANDS,	1 00	"	3 00	"

All other articles in proportion. All articles warranted.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

February 19, 1858.

SHOEMENDING!

HAVING commenced the business of Shoemending, one door east of Mr. Brice's Hotel, Bedford, Pa., I am prepared to do all manner of work in this line of business at the shortest notice, and in the most substantial manner, on more reasonable rates than usual, *one thing indispensable.* Give me a call, try my work and judge for yourselves.

June 11,'58. J. B. BAKER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, upon the estate of Benjamin Davis, late of the State of Iowa, dec'd—all persons therefore knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE C. DAVIS,
of St. Clair township, Adm'r.

July 16, 1858.

ATTENTIN, MARKS MEN!

JOHN BORDER,

GUNSMITH, Bedford, Pa.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.–1y.

Bazin's & Lubin's Extract for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c. for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

JUST RECEIVED

and for sale—the celebrated Greencastle Grain Cradle, by

june 11,'58. G. W. RUPP.

CORN.—One Thousand bushels for sale—also Family flour—Prime new Bacon also—by

A. B. CRAMER & Co.

IRON.—Blacksmith's and others are informed we have just received a large supply of Refined Iron—warranted best quality.

A. B. CRAMER & CO

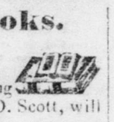
WAGONS.—Several new two horse waggons work warranted, for sale on a liberal credit or for country produce by A. B. CRAMER & Co.

Feb. 19, 1858.

Cheese—Cheese, best quality, just received at REED & MINNICH'S.

Drugs and Cooks.

DR. F. C. REAMER



Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP!

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers, and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK.
October 30, 1857. C. W. ASHCOM.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been granted by the Register of Bedford County, to the subscribers, on the last Will and Testament of John Wertz, late of Cumberland Valley, Bedford County, dec'd—all persons indebted to Said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims on Said Estate will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

June 18, 1858. Henry Wertz, }
John J. Wertz, } Executors.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing and trading under the firm name of Blymire & Hartley, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The books, notes and accounts are in the hands of Wm. Hartley, who is hereby authorized to settle the same. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Blymire & Hartley will save costs by paying up before the books and notes are placed in the hands of a collector.

BLYMIRE & HARTLEY.

March 26, 1858.

LOOK HERE!

Reed & Minich's

STORE.

Great Excitement,

THE

RAIL ROAD MEETING HAS COME OFF

AND BEDFORD IN ALL PROBABILITY WILL NOW LOOK AHEAD, BESIDES

REED AND MINNICH ARE JUST OPENING A LARGE AND SPLENDID *ASSORTMENT OF NEW AND FRESH,* SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

to be disposed of at prices so low that you would imagine the Rail Road already made.

Call and examine them and bring on your cash, and all manner of produce, and you shall have bargains.

Dry Goods.

Black and fancy silks, madina and lavella cloths, side stripes or robe a'quilla, muslin delaines, organdie lawns, barage ducals, ginghams, and a fine assortment of white dress goods.

DRESS GOODS

AND TRIMMINGS OF

GREAT VARIETY, BONNET RIBBONS, FLOWERS, GLOVES, HOSIERY

FRENCH AND AMERICAN CLOTHS AND CASIMERES, SUMMER CLOTHS, TWEEDS,

and jeans,

woollen and cotton flannels, sheeting muslin, linens for all purposes, towelings, and drillings.

QUEENSWARE and GLASSWARE.

An elegant and heavy assortment, not surpassed in Bedford county.

Boots and Shoes.

A large assortment of the best make, and newest and latest styles; ladies' gentlemens and boys' wear

GROCERIES.

Sugars white and brown, of all grades, syrup molasses, and all other articles usually kept in stores. It is impossible in an advertisement, to enumerate all our goods; come and see our stock, it will be shown with great pleasure, and before you go, you will be convinced that you have stopped in the right place to buy. REED & MINNICH.

May 3, 1858.

Executor's Notice.

Letters testamentary on the last Will and Testament of John Claar, late of Bedford borough, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said borough, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to the estate of said dec'd, to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them forthwith properly authenticated for settlement. JOSEPH CLAAR,

June 11, 58. Executor.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

MRS. COOK would announce to her friends and the public, that the Washington Hotel is now fitted up in superior order for the accommodation of guests, and she hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of custom. Persons visiting the Mineral Springs will find in the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

☞A young gentleman of high qualification and courteous deportment has charge of the establishment.

☞The best of Stabling is attached to this Hotel.

☞Terms as moderate as any other house in the place.

☞Daily Mail Stages from Alaquippa and Cumberland—also tri-weekly Lines from Hollidaysburg and Pittsburg stop at this Hotel.

Bedford, April 25, 1856.

Fresh Supply of Groceries—Coffee, Sugars, Syrup, best quality, Green and Black, Teas, Best Pearl Starch &c., &c., just received at REED & MINNICH'S.

☞"FIRE RISKS ONLY TAKEN."

Girard

Fire and Marine Insurance Company,

Philadelphia.

CAPITAL $200,000.

DIRECTORS.

WM M SWAIN, of Public Ledger.	
JOHN ANSPACH, Jr.,	GEO. W. WOODWARD
H. N. BURROUGHS,	JNO. W. CLAGHORN,
J. B. HUGHES,	WM C RUDMAN.
WM S BOYD,	C D SHOEMAKER,
JER. WALKER,	THO. CRAVEN,
FRANCIS PETERS,	H R COGGSHALL,
JNO. McCLURE,	JOSEPH KLAPP, M D.

Hon. JOEL JONES, President.
A S GILLET, Vice President.
JOHN S McMULLIN, Secretary.
JAS. B. ALVORD, Assistant Secretary.

☞All claims hitherto presented against this Company, properly audited and adjusted, *have been paid.* The "Girard" is not a "Mutual" Company. Persons insuring in it need only pay the premium on their Policy, no assessment being made upon them in case of losses by the Company.

BENFORD & MEYERS,
Agents for Bedford county.

April 23, 1858.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently, vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous, their persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of the system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as ERUPTIVE and SKIN DISEASES, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE, or ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, PUSTULES, BLOTCHES, BLAINS and BOILS, TUMORS, TETTER and SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, RHEUMATISM, SYPHILITIC and MERCURIAL DISEASES, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, and, indeed, ALL COMPLAINTS ARISING FROM VITIATED OR IMPURE BLOOD. The popular belief in "*impurity of the blood*" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC,

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: *Costiveness, Heartburn, Headache, arising from disordered stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Pain in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice,* and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.

LOWELL, MASS.

SOLD BY

Doctors Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

july 30,'58–1y.

MRS. S. E. POTTS

HAS just returned from the cities with a large supply of Rich and Handsome Goods, rich silks, Robes of all kinds, BERAGE ROBES, LAWN ROBES, LINEN ROBES, TRAVELLING ROBES, with side trimmings, RICH LACE MANTLES, SILK MANTLES, FRENCH WORKED COLLARS, UNDERSLEEVES, a large quantity of FRENCH WORKED STRIPS, very low, a rich variety of BONNETS, trimmed and untrimmed, as low as 50 cts. RIBBONS, RUSHES, and FRENCH FLOWERS, at all prices, SHOES and GAITERS, a handsome lot of summer SHAWLS, LAWNS and CALICOES, and an endless variety of fancy Goods.

April 30, 1858.

Samuel Ketterman.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

TOOTHACHE.—Those who want a speedy cure for this disease will find it in DR. KEYSER'S TOOTHACHE Remedy. Sold for 25 cents at Samuel Brown's Store Bedford, & Colvin & Robinson's Schellsburg.